

**REPUBLIC OF UGANDA**

**NAKASONGOLA DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

**STATISTICAL ABSTRACT 2019/20**

*[Grab your reader’s attention with a great quote from the document or use this space to emphasize a key point. To place this text box anywhere on the page, just drag it.]*

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| --- |
| ***NAKASONGOLA District Local Government***  ***P.O Box 1, NAKASONGOLA***  ***Tel: +256-0392252699***  ***E-mail: nakasongola@gmail.com*** |

**JULY 2020**

## FOREWORD

The importance of statistics in informing planning and monitoring of government programmes cannot be over overlooked. We need to know where we are, determine where we want to reach and also know whether we have reached there. The monitoring of socio-economic progress is not possible without measuring how we progress and establishing whether human, financial and other resources are being used efficiently.

However, these statistics have in many occasions been national in outlook and less district specific. The development of a district-based Statistical Abstract shall go a long way to solve this gap and provide district tailored statistics and will reflect the peculiar nature of the district by looking at specific statistics which would not be possible to provide at a higher level.

Data and statistics are required for designing, planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating development programmes. For instance, statistics on school enrolment, completion rates and dropout rates e.t.c are vital in the monitoring of (UPE) and Universal Secondary Education (USE) programmes. Statistics are also needed for establishing grant aid to community schools, staff levels and other investments in the education programmes. The collection and use of statistics and performance indicators is critical for both the successful management and operation of the sectors, including Lower Local Governments.

For data to inform planning and service delivery it should be effectively disseminated to the various users and stakeholders. The initiative to compile this District Statistical Abstract is therefore an effort to support the Planning function of the Local Governments and other users interested in the Higher Local Government (HLG) statistics.

This District Statistical Abstract will go a long way in guiding District Policy makers, Planners, Researchers and other stakeholders to identify the indicators that are relevant for planning, monitoring and evaluation of Government programmes in their jurisdiction.

The Statistical Abstract will also act as an aggregation of statistics from all sectors and also information originating from NGOs and other organizations. This Statistical Abstract, therefore, is an annual snapshot documentation of the Nakasongola District situation, providing a continuous update of the district status.

It is my sincere hope that the document will provide all interested users with adequate information and I also feel that where more information is required, appropriate departments should be contacted for details.

Lastly, I wish to thank the Uganda Bureau of Statistics (UBOS) for the continued Technical support to Nakasongola District. I wish to thank all my Technical staff especially Ms. Namayega Rose who was co-coordinating the compilation of the Statistics and Information contained in this Abstract

………………………………

Rtd. Lt. Sam Kigula

LC V CHAIRPERSON

NAKASONGOLA DISTRICT

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Nakasongola District gratefully acknowledges the efforts of all the heads of departments and sections who contributed to the production of this Statistical Abstract. It may not be possible to enumerate all those who gave their time but a few groups and individuals deserve special mention.

Special thanks go to Uganda Bureau of Statistics (UBOS) for their effort in Capacity Building and continued Technical Support to district staff to see to it that Nakasongola district gets specific data and statistics required for designing, planning, implementing, monitoring and evaluating development programmes. There are many documents that have been received in the district from UBOS, such as reports of the Population and Housing Censuses, the National Service Delivery Surveys and the Uganda Demographic and Health Surveys, to mention but a few.

I wish to pass my heartfelt gratitude to the District technical staff who have been deeply involved in the production, especially Mr Mugambwa Boaz the officer in charge of Statistics in the District.

I am also indebted to all the other members of the District Planning Unit for the coordination and support provided during the process of compiling this statistical abstract.

……………………………………

ALEX FELIX MAJEME

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

NAKASONGOLA DISTRICT

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## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AIDS:Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome xv, 15

ART:Anti-Retroviral Therapy 23

CBO:Community Based Organisation 39

CBSD:Cassava Brown Streak Disease 46

CDO:Community Development Officer 39

DFID:Department for International Development 13

DHO:District Health Officer 23

***DNRO:District Natural Resources Officer*** 79

FAL:Functional Adult Literacy 39

FY:Financial Year xv, 11, 12, 58

GAVI:Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization 13

HC:Health Center 18

HCT:Hiv Counselling and Testing 15, 23

**HH:Household** 9

HMIS:Health Management Information System 24

HSSP:Health Sector Strategic Plan 22

KTB:Kenyan Tob Bars 51

LG:Local Government 4

LTD:Limited 55

MDG:Millenium Development Goals 22

N/A:Not Available 44

NDP:National Development plan 22

NGO:Non-Government Organization 15

*NPHC:National Population and Housing Census* 5

OPD:Out Patient Department 17

OVC:Orphans and Vulnerable Children 44

PCR:Pupil Classroom Ratio 27, 28

POP:Population 32

PSR:Pupil Stance Ratio 27

PTR:Pupil Teacher Ratio 27, 28

PWD:Persons with Disability 39

SACCO:Savings and Credit Cooperative Organizations 54

SC:Sub County 49

T/C:Town Council 51

TB:Tuberculosis 22

UBOS:Uganda Bureau of Statistics iii, 5

UNEB:Uganda National Examination Board 13

UNICEF: United nations Children Fund 13

UPE:Universal Primary Education 28

USCU:Uganda Savings and Cooperative Union 54

USE:Universal Secondary Education ii

UWEP:Uganda Women Enterpreneurship Program 13

## GLOSSARY

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Agriculture**  **Assets**  **Bacillus Camete Guerin(BCG)**  **Cooperative**  **Economic Activity**  **Employment**  **Enterprise**  **HC II**  **HC III**  **HC IV** | This is a term used to describe activities on crop, Livestock, poultry and fishing.  Assets are property of a business; they can be classified as: Current assets; consisting of cash, stock and book debts. Fixed assets; consisting of buildings, plant and machinery as well as Intangible assets; being the value of goodwill or patents.  This is a vaccine against Tuberculosis.  An autonomous association of persons united voluntarily to meet their common economic, social, and cultural needs and aspirations through a jointly-owned controlled enterprise.  Covers all Market Production and certain types of non-market production, Including production and processing of primary products for own consumption and other production of fixed assets for own use.  This includes all wage and salary earners and Managers in all businesses and directors actively working in incorporated businesses. It includes those working full-time or part time and those who are permanently or temporary.  Refers to the status of an economically active person with respect to his/her position at his/her place of work and his/her mode of remuneration.  This is an economic unit engaged in one or predominantly one kind of economic activity under single ownership or control and is situated at a single physical location.  Out-patient clinics treating common diseases and offering antenatal care. It  Is supposed to be led by an enrolled nurse, working with a midwife, two nursing assistants and a health assistant. According to the Ugandan  government's health policy, every parish is supposed to have a Health  Centre II.  The Health Centre IV is a mini-hospital that provides the kind of services  found at Health Centre III, but it should have separate wards for men,  Women, and children and should be able to admit patients. It should have a  senior medical officer and another doctor as well as a theatre for carrying  Out emergency operations. It serves a county or a parliamentary  Constituency. |

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The District Statistical Abstract will be an annual publication of Nakasongola District Local Government. It gives a statistical summary of socio-economic and demographic data of the district. The report is divided into ten chapters and preceded by some general information about Nakasongola district and then the background information.

Chapter 1 presents statistics on the background and Information of the District.

Chapter 2 presents Management Support services covering personnel in the district, Council, Committees, Boards and Commissions with the following highlights:

Human Resource Management in the District

Total employees of Nakasongola district Local government are 2,146 persons

Total number of vacancies

Council, Committees, Boards, and Commissions, Records and Audit

The district has a total of 25 councilors of whom, 11 are females and 14 males with 3 standing committees.

Chapter 3 presents statistics on Socio-Demographic Characteristics and highlights the following:

Population (Characteristics, Size, Distribution and Growth)

The District had 181,795 persons in 2014 and projected to 217,648 persons in 2020,

92.9 percent of the population were Children aged 2 years and above,

3.2 percent of the population less than one year. About 14 percent of the population lives in urban centers.

The literacy rate of persons aged 18 and above in the district according to 2014 census was 28.5 percent,

41.8 percent of household use paraffin (Tadooba) for lighting,

16 percent use electricity and therefore have access to electricity.

Socio-Economic Characteristics

About 18 percent of Nakasongola’s population lives below the poverty line.

About 76.6 percent of the district working population is Agricultural based.

Planning and Budgeting Process

Ugx. 25,505,513,000/= was the total Budget for Nakasongola in FY 2019/2020.

Education department consumes the biggest share of district estimated expenditure.

Chapter 4 discusses public health, and this looks specifically at health services in general, Health accessibility indicators, Man power, drug inspection, and HIV and AIDS control, disease burden, Environmental health.

The major highlights are:

Health services in General

Nakasongola has a total of 41 health units/centers.

Malaria is the top major disease in the district.

Environmental Health

Latrine coverage stands at 76 percent.

Safe water coverage in the district was at 85 percent.

Maternal and Child Health

Infant mortality rate is 43/1000 live births

11,545 mothers receive antenatal.

HIV/AIDS situation in Nakasongola District

Prevalence in the district stands at 5.9 percent.

At PMTCT sites, 266 mothers were found positive.

2,217 HIV positive cases were recorded in FY 2019/20

Chapter 5 discusses Education in general, Inspectorate, Special needs education and sports. The district has:

Nakasongola district has 144 Government Aided primary schools,

10 Government Aided secondary schools and only one government aided tertiary institution.

14.5 percent of the schools are in a radius of 1 to 2 Kms from the nearest primary.

Chapter 6 discusses Works and technical services, which constitutes of roads, water, housing and mechanical engineering.

As of 2019, Nakasongola district had a total of approximately 620.33 Km of trunk roads,

156.52 Km of feeder roads and 1594 km of community roads.

The safe water coverage of Nakasongola district for the year 2019 was at 79 percent.

Chapter 7 discusses Natural Resources, and this looks specifically at Environment and wetlands, land management and Forestry. The major highlights are:

Land of use: 75 percent of land is under Agriculture, 5 percent under commercial farming,

65.6 percent of land occupied by forest reserves.

The District has 22,758 hectares area under forest of which 99 percent is owned by government.

Chapter 8 discusses Gender and Community services, and looks specifically at general community issues, gender and culture, elderly and disability, probation and social welfare and crime. The major highlights are:

There were 48 PWD groups active in Nakasongola district by the year 2020

58 percent of the children in the District are orphans.

There were 3,014 community development groups.

Chapter 9 discusses Production and Marketing, and looks specifically at Agriculture, Veterinary, and Fisheries. The major highlights are:

According to the 2014 Census, 84.3 percent of the households were engaged in either crop growing or livestock farming.

The major food crops in Nakasongola district were cassava, sweet Maize, groundnuts, beans, coffee and sweet potatoes.

The cash crops grown include coffee, cotton, Finger miller and Mangoes.

For the year 2020, the district had 69,015 heads of exotic and high Grade crosses and 211,991 local breed cattle kept under zero grazing.

The district had 80 livestock water facilities with most located in Nabiswera Sub County.

1,733 landing sites

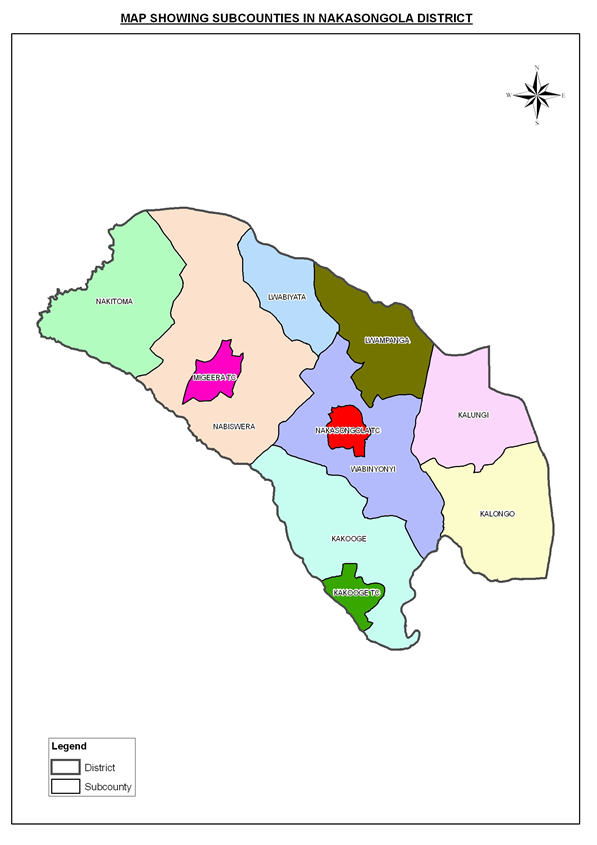
57 percent of the fish is sold externally.

The major species stocked were Tilapia and lattes.

Chapter 10 discusses trade, industry and local development

68 percent of the businesses are retail shops.

## A MAP OF NAKASONGOLA DISTRICT



## GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE DISTRICT

Latitude 055N 1 40’N North

Longitude 31 55E and 3250E East

Average Altitude 3,400- 3,800ft above sea level

Total Surface Area of 3,424sq Km

Land Area 3102.4 sq Km

Area under open water: 321.6sq km

Temperature range between 25oC. – 35oC and the Minimum diurnal range is 18o – 25oC.

Rainfall ranges between 500mm – 1000mm per annum

Demographic and Socio-economic Indicators

Total Population (2020 Projection): 217,648

Female population (2019 Projection):105,920

Male population: (2019 Projection):111,728

Percentage of total population that is male: 51.3%

Percentage of population that is female: 48.7%

Percentage urban (Mid-2020 Projection): 14%

Percentage rural (Mid-2020 Projection): 86%

Population Density:63.5 persons per Sq Km

Percentage share of Uganda’s total Population: 0.5%

Primary school population aged 6 – 12 years (2020): 82.6%

Secondary School population aged 13 – 19 years (2020): 31.5%

Sex ratio of total population males per 100 females (2019):105.5

Population density (2020): 63.5 persons per Sq Km

Infant mortality: 43/1000 live births.

Life Expectancy: 63.4 yrs

Pupil Teacher Ratio (Primary, 2020):30

Pupil Stance Ratio (Primary, 2020):28

Pupil Classroom Ratio (Primary, 2020):42

Pupil Desk Ratio:4

# Chapter 1: Background Information.

## 1.1 Introduction

This chapter gives background information, location, size, climate, and vegetation, geographical and other features about the district. Nakasongola District headquarters are situated at Nakasongola Town Council and covers an area of 3,424sq Km representing about 1.42% of the country’s total surface area

## 1.2 Location and size

Nakasongola is one of the districts in the central region of Uganda. It is bordered by Luweero district in the Northwest, Apac in the North, Masindi in the west and south, and Kayunga District in the east. . 321.6sq km is occupied by swamps (wetlands) and the lake.

## 1.3. Historical Background

Nakasongola District (formerly Buruuli County) is dominated by the indigenous Bantu known as Baruuli. They speak Ruruuli whose dialect is similar to that of Runyoro, Runyara, Lugwere and Lukenyi. Baruuli live harmoniously with other tribes including Hima, Nyarwanda, Karamajong, Ganda, Luo, Banyoro, and Bakenyi to mention but a few.

Like many other Bantu speaking tribes, the Baruuli originated from Congo area but briefly settled in Bunyoro before occupying the present day Nakasongola District. They settled in areas like Masindi Port, Kyope, Kibanda and Kisaalizi on the shores of Lake Kyoga.

## 1.4. Geographical Location

It lies between latitudes 055N 1 40’N North and longitudes 31 55E and 3250E East, with an average altitude of 3,400- 3,800ft above sea level.

## 1.5. Topography

Nakasongola is generally a flat area topographically adulating between 3,400- 3,800ft above sea level. Much of the low-lying areas are drained by seasonal streams into Lake Kyoga in the North, and has tributaries to rivers Sezibwa in the East, Lugogo on the West, South west and south, and Kafu on the North Western.

## 1.6 Climate

Nakasongola like most parts of Uganda has two rain seasons. The first rain season starts in March/April and and ends in June/July. The second season starts in August and goes on up to October/November. The rainfall ranges between 500mm – 1000mm per annum.

## 1.7 Temperature

The maximum temperature range between 25oC. – 35oC and the Minimum diurnal range is 18o – 25oC.

## 1.8 Soils

The District is mainly covered by the Buruuli soil catena, and the Lwampanga Catena in the low lying areas and valleys.

## 1.9 Hydrology

Nakasongola District has got 1 Lake Kyoga, 1 River Kafu and many seasonal swamps.

Mineral Resources

Nakasongola District has no known mineral resources discovered yet. However, of recent stone quarrying (stones and aggregates) for road and house construction has grown within Wabinyonyi Sub County.

## 1.10 Vegetation

Vegetation type is dominantly an open deciduous savannah wood land with short grasses. Dominant tree species include *combretum spp*, *Terminalia spp, Acacia, spp, Vitex spp, Annona senegalensis, Teclea nobilis and Ficus spp.*

# Chapter 2: Management Support Services

## 2.1 Introduction

This chapter presents statistics on management and support services. It presents details on district administrative structure. Human Resources Management, the Councils, Boards and Commissions, Public Accounts Committee and land board.

## 2.2 Administrative Structure

The District is divided into 2 counties, 8 rural Sub-counties and 3 Town Councils. It has of 56 parishes and 330 village councils. This is illustrated in table2.1 below.

Table2. : Number of Administrative Units by County

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **County** | **Sub county/TC** | **Parishes** | **Villages** |
| Budyebo | Nabiswera | 06 | 35 |
| Nakitooma | 04 | 21 |
| Lwampanga | 06 | 38 |
| Lwabiyata | 05 | 26 |
| Migeera T/C | 04 | 16 |
| Sub Total | *25* | *141* |
| Nakasongola | Wabinyonyi | 07 | 44 |
| Kalungi | 05 | 32 |
| Kalongo | 07 | 28 |
| Nakasongola T/C | 03 | 15 |
| Kakooge | 05 | 32 |
| Kakooge T/C | 04 | 20 |
| Sub Total | *31* | *189* |
| **Grand Total** | **56** | **330** |

## 2.3 Human Resource Management

The district has got a total number of 2,413 employees. The table below2.3 shows distribution of human resource by department.

Table2. : Personnel in the district by department

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Department/Sector | Approved Establishment | No. Filled | Vacant |
| Administration | 13 | 12 | 01 |
| Finance | 14 | 10 | 04 |
| Statutory | 05 | 03 | 02 |
| Production | 17 | 13 | 04 |
| Health-Headquarters | 11 | 08 | 03 |
| Health-Health centers | 449 | 375 | 74 |
| Education-Headquarters | 08 | 07 | 01 |
| Primary Education | 1374 | 1222 | 152 |
| Secondary Education | 245 | 172 | 73 |
| Works & Technical Services | 17 | 17 | 00 |
| Natural Resources | 08 | 04 | 04 |
| Community | 20 | 17 | 03 |
| Planning | 03 | 01 | 02 |
| Audit | 06 | 06 | 00 |
| Trade & Industry | 06 | 01 | 05 |
| Health Units | 468 | 371 | 97 |
| Town Councils | 159 | 85 | 74 |
| Sub Counties | 145 | 89 | 56 |
| Total | 2968 | 2413 | 555 |

## 2.4 Council, Committees, Boards, and Commissions

The District council has 25 councilors of whom 14 are males and 11 females, 3 vacant posts in council and 1 in DSC. There are 6 statutory bodies namely Council with 3 standing committees (Finance, works and social services), District Service Commission, LG Public Accounts Committee, District Land Board, District Executive Committee and District Contracts Committee.

Table2. : Number of members on District Council, Committees, Boards and Commissions.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Committee/Council | Male | Female | Total |
| Council | 14 | 11 | 25 |
| Finance Standing Committee | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| Works Standing Committee | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Social Services Standing Committee | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| District Executive Committee | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| District Service Commission | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| LG Public Accounts Committee | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| District Land Board | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| District Contracts Committee | 2 | 3 | 5 |

# Chapter 3: Demographic and Socio-Economic Characteristics

## 3.1 Introduction

To design the present and future programs, the district needs to know the size, quality and growth of its population. This chapter looks at the population characteristics, socio-economic characteristics, planning and budgeting processes, revenue resources and sectoral expenditure.

## 3.2 Population Characteristics

To formulate present and future development programs, the district needs to know the size, quality, distribution and growth of its population. Population censuses are the main sources of demographic data in general and information on population size, distribution and growth rate in particular. Other sources may include various surveys, Birth and Death Registration and Administrative Records.

### 3.2.1 Population size and Growth Rate

The 2014 Population and Housing Census reveal that Nakasongola district had 181,795 persons as shown in table3.1 below.

Table3. : Population of Nakasongola District for the last 2 consecutive census years

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sex | 2002 | 2014 | Projection 2020 |
| Male | 64,752 | 93,323 | 111,728 |
| Female | 62,312 | 88,472 | 105,920 |
| Total | 127,064 | 181,795 | 217,648 |

*Source: Based on NPHC results 2014*

### 3.2.2 Population Distribution

The distribution of a population by age and sex is among the basic types of information needed for planning. Sex and age composition of a population has significant implications for the reproductive potential, human resource, school attendance, family formation, health care and other service delivery in general.

The National Population and Housing Census was conducted in 2014 by UBOS and the provisional results were released. The report provided population figures by sex by sub-county for all the districts in the country. The provisional results for this district are indicated in Table 3.2.

Further data processing and analysis is on-going to generate a more detailed report that will provide information on other indicators up-to the lowest level. Analysis of educational requirements, labour force projections, household composition and migration for example, would not be complete without considering information on age and sex.

Table3. : Population projections by gender per Sub County

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub County/Town Council** | **2014** | | | **Projection(2020)** | | |
| **Male** | **Female** | **Total** | **Male** | **Female** | **Total** |
| **Kakooge S/C** | 10,711 | 9,726 | 20,437 | 12,823 | 11,644 | 24,468 |
| **Kakooge T.C** | 4,426 | 4,550 | 8,976 | 5,299 | 5,447 | 10,746 |
| **Kalongo S/C** | 9,992 | 9,480 | 19,472 | 11,963 | 11,350 | 23,312 |
| **Kalungi S/C** | 11,774 | 12,002 | 23,776 | 14,096 | 14,369 | 28,465 |
| **Lwabiyata S/C** | 7,804 | 7,806 | 15,610 | 9,343 | 9,345 | 18,689 |
| **Lwampanga S/C** | 15,644 | 14,035 | 29,679 | 18,729 | 16,803 | 35,532 |
| **Migeera T.C** | 2,981 | 2,878 | 5,859 | 3,569 | 3,446 | 7,014 |
| **Nabisweera S/C** | 8,837 | 7,685 | 16,522 | 10,580 | 9,201 | 19,780 |
| **Nakasongola T.C** | 5,133 | 4,699 | 9,832 | 6,145 | 5,626 | 11,771 |
| **Nakitoma S/C** | 6,698 | 6,620 | 13,318 | 8,019 | 7,926 | 15,945 |
| **Wabinyonyi S/C** | 9,323 | 8,991 | 18,314 | 11,162 | 10,764 | 21,926 |
| **Total** | **93,323** | **88,472** | **181,795** | **111,728** | **105,920** | **217,648** |

***Source: Based on NPHC results 2014***

### 3.2.3 Age Groups

According to the 2014 population and housing census, majority of the population of Nakasongola was made up of people aged 2 years and over and the least being population aged 65 years and over as shown in the table below. Table 3.3 below reveals that by 2020, the number of children aged 2-17 years would have risen to 104,607 and in 2014 it was 87,375.

Table3. : Population Projections for the different age groups

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Population by Special Age groups** | **2014** | **2015** | **2016** | **2017** | **2018** | **2019** | **2020** |
| Population aged less than a Year | 6,262 | 6453 | 6649 | 6852 | 7060 | 7275 | 7497 |
| Population aged 0-4 Years | 55,884 | 57586 | 59340 | 61147 | 63009 | 64928 | 66905 |
| Population aged 0-8 Years | 55,884 | 57586 | 59340 | 61147 | 63009 | 64928 | 66905 |
| Population aged 2-8 Years | 43,334 | 44654 | 46014 | 47415 | 48859 | 50347 | 51880 |
| Population aged 2-17 Years | 87,375 | 90036 | 92778 | 95603 | 98515 | 101515 | 104607 |
| Population aged 6-12 Years | 39,129 | 40321 | 41549 | 42814 | 44118 | 45461 | 46846 |
| Population aged 6-15 Years | 53,812 | 55451 | 57140 | 58880 | 60673 | 62521 | 64425 |
| Population aged 10-15 Years | 30,427 | 31354 | 32309 | 33292 | 34306 | 35351 | 36428 |
| Population aged 10-17 Years | 38,703 | 39882 | 41096 | 42348 | 43638 | 44966 | 46336 |
| Population aged 15-24 Years | 36,042 | 37140 | 38271 | 39436 | 40637 | 41875 | 43150 |
| Population aged 16-64 Years | 80,852 | 83314 | 85852 | 88466 | 91160 | 93937 | 96797 |
| Population aged 15-29 Years | 48,054 | 49517 | 51025 | 52579 | 54181 | 55831 | 57531 |
| Population aged 2 Years and over | 164,387 | 169393 | 174552 | 179868 | 185346 | 190990 | 196807 |
| Population aged 10 Years and over | 115,715 | 119239 | 122870 | 126612 | 130468 | 134442 | 138536 |
| Population aged 15 Years and over | 89,623 | 92352 | 95165 | 98063 | 101050 | 104127 | 107298 |
| Population aged 18 Years and over | 77,012 | 79357 | 81774 | 84265 | 86831 | 89475 | 92200 |
| Population aged 20 Years and over | 69,265 | 71374 | 73548 | 75788 | 78096 | 80474 | 82925 |
| Population aged 65 years and over | 4,436 | 4571 | 4710 | 4854 | 5002 | 5154 | 5311 |

***Source: Based on NPHC results 2014***

### 3.2.4 Illiteracy Status

61.7 % of the persons aged 60 years and above are illiterate. This is illustrated in the table 3.4 below.

Table3. : Illiteracy status of different age groups

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Persons aged 18 years and above** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Persons aged 18 years and above who are illiterate | 21,941 | 28.5 |
| Males aged 18 years and above who are illiterate | 9,108 | 23.6 |
| Females aged 18 years and above who are illiterate | 12,833 | 33.5 |
| **Other age groups** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Persons aged 10-17 years who are illiterate | 7,654 | 19.8 |
| Persons aged 18-30 years who are illiterate | 6,633 | 17.2 |
| Persons aged 60 years and above who are illiterate | 3,966 | 61.7 |

***Source: Based on NPHC results 2014***

### 3.2.5 Population Density

Population density refers to the number of people per square kilometre. Nakasongola district has an area of 3,424sq km. Therefore the population density is 63.5 persons per sq.km of land. The population density increased from 54 Persons per sq.km in the year 2014 to 63.5 persons per sq.km.

### 3.2.6 Urbanization rates and levels.

Urbanization is defined as the increase in the proportion of the population living in the urban area. However the definition of urban areas has been changing over time. The 2002 and 2014 censuses defined urban areas as only the gazetted one while the earlier censuses included un gazetted urban centres with more than 1000 people as part of the urban population. The figure below shows the urbanization levels. The 2014 census revealed that 14% of the population lived in urban centers as shown in figure 3.1 below.

Figure3. : RURAL –Urban Distribution

|  |
| --- |
|  |

***Source: Based on NPHC results 2014***

***3.2.7 Average Household size***

A Household is defined as a group of people who normally eat and leave together. Household composition is a key variable for determining demographic characteristics of a population. Household size refers to the number of occupants of a household. Table 3.5 below represents the average household size per Sub County.

Table3. : Average household size by sub County

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub County** | **No. HH** | **Population 2014** | **Av. HH size** |
| Kakooge | 4,131 | 20,437 | 5.0 |
| Kakooge T/C | 1,986 | 8,749 | 4.4 |
| Kolongo | 3,560 | 19,394 | 5.5 |
| Kalungi | 4,159 | 23,917 | 5.8 |
| Lwabiyata | 2,939 | 15,855 | 5.4 |
| Lwampanga | 6,881 | 29,741 | 4.3 |
| Migeera T/C | 1,499 | 5,778 | 3.9 |
| Nabiswera | 3,039 | 16,461 | 5.4 |
| Nakasongola T/C | 2,285 | 10,289 | 4.5 |
| Nakitoma | 2,677 | 13,285 | 5.0 |
| Wabinyonyi | 13,285 | 18,313 | 1.4 |

***Source: Based on NPHC results 2014***

## 3.3: Socio-Economic Characteristics

The socio-economic characteristic entails the wellbeing of the community. It includes the housing conditions, household assets, Poverty distribution, Source of energy for cooking and lighting.

### 3.3.1: Housing conditions by type of house

Housing is one of the basic human needs that have a profound impact on the health, welfare, social attitude and economic productivity of the individual. It is also one of the best indications of the person’s standard of living and his/her place in society.

This section provides information on the housing conditions of the population, households living in semi-permanent dwelling unit and temporary as shown in the table3.6 below.

Table3. : Status of dwelling units

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Households living in semi- permanent dwelling units | 15,089 | 41.2 |
| Households living in temporary dwelling units | 9,505 | 26 |

*Source: Based on NPHC results 2014*

Table3. : Housing Conditions

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Construction Materials For the Dwelling Units** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Households living in dwelling units constructed using permanent roof materials | 26,397 | 72.1 |
| Households living in dwelling units constructed using permanent wall materials | 19,837 | 54.2 |
| Households living in dwelling units constructed using permanent floor materials | 12,887 | 35.2 |

*Source: Based on NPHC results 2014*

### 3.3.2 Employment and Occupation by type

The indicator of status of employment categories persons who are working by age groups.This is shown in the table3.8 below.

Table3. : Working status

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Working persons** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Persons aged 10-15 years who were working | 12,604 | 41.4 |
| Persons aged 10-17 years who were working | 17,035 | 44.0 |
| Persons aged 18-30 years who were working | 30,999 | 80.6 |
| Persons aged 16-64 years who were working | 66,905 | 82.7 |
| Persons aged 18 years and above who were working | 65,287 | 84.8 |

*Source:* *Based on NPHC results 2014*

### 3.3.3 Household Assets

An asset is a durable item that can be used more than one year. It can appreciate or depreciate in value. These include dwellings and movable assets.

Table3. : Distribution of household assets by number

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Owner occupied Dwellings** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Households that are owner occupied | 25,016 | 68.3 |
| Male headed households that are owner occupied | 19,219 | 68.4 |
| Female headed households that are owner occupied | 5,797 | 67.9 |
|  |  |  |
| **Movable Assets** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Households that own a television | 2,202 | 6 |
| Households that own a computer | 900 | 2.5 |
| Households that own a bicycle | 18,306 | 50 |
| Households that own a radio | 22,520 | 61.5 |

*Source: Based on NPHC REPORT 2014*

### 3.3.4 Main source of livelihood

Majority of the households (76.6%) depend on crop growing as their main source of livelihood as

indicated in table 3.10 below.

.

Table3. : Distribution of households by source of livelihood

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Household based Agricultural activities** | **Number** | **Percent** |
| Households engaged in crop growing | 28,030 | 76.6 |
| Households engaged in maize growing | 20,832 | 56.9 |
| Households engaged in coffee growing | 922 | 2.5 |
| Households engaged in growing of beans | 10,288 | 28.1 |
| Households engaged in growing of millet | 3,534 | 9.7 |
| Households engaged in growing of sweet potatoes | 22,640 | 61.8 |
| Households engaged in growing of matooke | 3,538 | 9.7 |
| Households engaged livestock farming | 25,272 | 69.0 |
| Households engaged in either crop growing or livestock farming | 30,857 | 84.3 |

*Source: Based on NPHC results 2014*

## 3.4: Planning and Budgeting Process

The Finance department is mandated to build Finance and Management Capacity at district level; and also to strengthen Data Management systems.

### 3.4.1: Budgetary Allocations to Department

From table 3.11 below it is shown that in FY 2019/2020, the districts’ budget was Ugx.25,505,513,000 and the education department took the biggest share of the budget.

Table3. : Budgetary allocations by departments for FY 2019/20

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Department** | **Budget Allocation** | **(%) share** |
| Administration | 1,925,109,000 | 7.55 |
| Finance | 606,170,000 | 2.38 |
| Statutory Bodies | 699,514,000 | 2.7 |
| Production | 1,511,536,000 | 5.92 |
| Health | 4,460,890,000 | 17.49 |
| Education | 12,833862,000 | 50.32 |
| Works | 1,471,527,000 | 5.77 |
| Water | 554,223,000 | 2.17 |
| Natural Resources | 214,778,000 | 0.84 |
| Community Based Services | 888,363,000 | 3.48 |
| Planning | 144,991,000 | 0.57 |
| Internal Audit | 103,597,000 | 0.41 |
| Trade & Industry | 90,952,000 | 0.36 |
| **GRAND TOTAL** | **25,505,513,000** | **100** |

*Source: District Budget for FY 2019/20*

### 3.4.2: Revenue sources by Amount

Table 3.12 below shows the different revenue sources for the last two financial years.

Table3. : Revenue sources for 2 financial years

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Ushs Thousands** | **Approved Budget For FY 2018/19 (000)shs** | **Approved Budget For FY 2019/20 (000)shs** |
| 1. Locally Raised Revenues | 501,150 | 1,249,513 |
| Advertisements/Billboards | 1,525 | 2,775 |
| Agency fees | 20 | 0 |
| Animal and crop Husbandry related levies | 10,019 | 103,574 |
| application fees | 8,094 | 20,923 |
| Business licenses | 44,672 | 154,876 |
| Court filing fees | 311 | 300 |
| Inspection fees | 25,371 | 40,491 |
| land fees | 75,400 | 169,850 |
| Liquor licenses | 285 | 2,121 |
| Local Hotel Tax | 1,836 | 11,700 |
| Local Services Tax | 68,263 | 101,410 |
| Market/Gate Charges | 82,380 | 182,539 |
| Miscellaneous receipts/Income | 46,578 | 130,716 |
| Occupational Permits | 3,000 | 9,000 |
| Other Court Fees | 216 | 200 |
| Other Fees and Charges | 15,545 | 25,457 |
| Other licenses | 3,137 | 30,318 |
| Park Fees | 11,735 | 30,820 |
| Property Related Duties/Charges | 2,441 | 32,333 |
| Registration(eg.Births,Deaths,Marriages,etc)Fees | 2,580 | 5,290 |
| Registration of Businesses | 225 | 16,208 |
| Rent and Rates-Non Produced Assets -from other govt units | 239 | 200 |
| Rent&Rates \_Non Produced Assets \_from Private Entities | 33,080 | 84,875 |
| Sale of (produced)Govt Properties/assets | 64,000 | 93,538 |
| Utilities | 200 | 0 |
| 2a,Discretionary Government Transfers | 3,283,931 | 3,283,391 |
| District Discretionary Development Equalisation Grant | 572,172 | 550,072 |
| District Unconditional Grant (Non wage) | 638,821 | 635,498 |
| District Unconditional Grant (Wage) | 1,466,595 | 1,500,272 |
| Urban Discretionary Development Equalization Grant | 44,677 | 42,324 |
| Urban Unconditional Grant(Non wage) | 116,862 | 110,419 |
| Urban Unconditional Grant (Wage) | 444,804 | 444,804 |
| 2b. Conditional Government Transfer | 18,701,522 | 19,070,535 |
| Sector Conditional Grant(wage) | 13,836,372 | 14,887,007 |
| Sector Conditional Grant( non wage) | 2,220,781 | 2,570,540 |
| Sector Development Grant | 1,793,624 | 741,933 |
| Transitional Development Grant | 221,053 | 29,802 |
| General Public Service Pension Arrears (Budgeting) | 84,844 | 13,112 |
| Salary Arrears (Budgeting) | 21,149 | 118,644 |
| Pension for Local Governments | 253,787 | 339,584 |
| Gratuity For Local Govts | 269,912 | 369,912 |
| 2c.Other Government Transfers | 2,167,526 | 1,698,572 |
| Support to PLE ( UNEB) | 17,000 | 17,000 |
| Uganda Road Fund (URF) | 1,607,632 | 982,773 |
| Uganda Women Entrepreneurship Programme ( UWEP) | 184,638 | 0 |
| Youth Livelihood Programme (YLP) | 358,256 | 184,000 |
| Micro Projects under Luweero Rwenzori Development Programme | 0 | 382,682 |
| Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs) | 0 | 132,117 |
| 3.External Financing | 91,587 | 203,503 |
| United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF) | 24,800 | 50,000 |
| Global Fund for HIV,TB, &Malaria | 0 | 12,835 |
| Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (GAVI) | 0 | 124,668 |
| Mildmay International | 15,750 | 16,000 |
| UK Department for International Development (DFID) | 51,037 | 0 |
| **Total Revenues Shares** | **24,755,716** | **25,505,513** |

*Source: District final Accounts*

### 3.4.3: Sectoral expenditure.

The total budgeted expenditure for F.Y 2007/08 was shs 25,505,512,000 out of which shs

25,898,431,000 was actually spent representing 101.5 percent. The production sector achieved the highest performance at 116.4 percent, while Internal Audit had the least as shown in table3.13 below.

Table3. : Expenditure by sector for FY 2019/20

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Department** | **Budget(000)shs** | **Actual Expenditure(000)shs** | **%** |
| Administration | 1,925,109 | 1,930,535 | 100.3 |
| Finance | 606,170 | 505,393 | 83.4 |
| Statutory Bodies | 699,514 | 654,785 | 94 |
| Production | 1,511,536 | 1,759,135 | 116.4 |
| Health | 4,460,890 | 4,689,906 | 105.1 |
| Education and sports | 12,833,862 | 13,100,490 | 102.1 |
| Works | 1,471,527 | 1,405,711 | 95.5 |
| Natural Resources | 214,778 | 201,989 | 95.5 |
| Community Based Services | 888,363 | 777,733 | 87.5 |
| Water | 554,223 | 544,201 | 98.2 |
| Planning | 144,991 | 147,739 | 101.9 |
| Trade, Industry and Local Development | 90,952 | 87,625 | 96.3 |
| Internal Audit | 103,597 | 93,189 | 90 |
| **Grand Total** | **25,505,512** | **25,898,431** | **101.5** |

*Source: District final Accounts*

# Chapter 4: Health Services

## 4.1: Introduction

The Department of Health is headed by the District Health Officer whose mandate is guided by the District 5 Year Strategic Plan that focuses on the achievement of equity through increased access to Minimum Health Care Package (MHCP), Quality care, efficiency accountability and transparency.

The overall goal of the sector is to provide good quality services to the people of this district so as to make them attain good standards of health in order to live a healthy and reproductive life. The sector objective is to reduce morbidity and mortality from the major causes of ill health and premature health and disparities therein”. This district has 41 Health Units of different categories. Some of them are Government hospitals while others are owned by Non -Government Organizations. The distribution is fair, but some of them lack the basic equipment to offer reasonable services. Many rural units require rehabilitation and equipping. Besides diseases, poor nutrition has contributed to worrying situation. Because of cross cutting nature of health issues, there is need for an integrated approach to health.

There are various NGOs both Local and International that are involved in AIDS prevention and control in the district. Such activities include blood screening and counseling, medical treatment, home care, pastoral education, health education, AIDS research and orphan support.

Table4. : NGOs under the health sector by area of operation

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Partner** | **Activities** | **Coverage** |
| Mild may Uganda | HIV/AIDS | Whole district |
| Uganda Cares | HIV/AIDS | Nakasongola TC,Kakooge TC and Lwampanga SC |
| World Vision | Vulnerable children | Kalungi,Kalongo,Nabiswera and Nakitoma sub counties |
| WONETHA | Adolescent Girls and Young Women | NaKasongolaTC,Migeera TC and Nabiswera sc |
| MARPI | Key population activities | Whole district |
| UGANET | Legal Aid to vulnerable persons | Whole district |
| BAYLOR Uganda | Adolescent Girls and young women  Key populations(Fisherfolk) | Nakasongla TC Kalong0, Lwabyata,Kakooge,Wabinyonyi and Kalungi SCs  Kalungi.Lwabyata Nabiswera and Lwampanga |

***Source: DHO’s Office***

## 4.2: Health Infrastructure

This section classifies the distribution of health facilities within the district asshown in table4.2 below.

Table4. : Health Units by ownership (categories)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| HSD | Hospital | | HC IV | | HC III | | HC II | | Total |
| Location/Ownership | Govt | Private | Govt | Private | Govt | Private | Govt | Private |  |
| Wabinyonyi SC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Nakasongola TC | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| Migyera TC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Kalongo SC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 5 |
| Kalungi SC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| Kakooge SC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 |
| Kakooge TC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Lwabyata SC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Lwampanga SC | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 6 |
| Nakitoma SC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Nabiswera SC | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 |
| Total | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 21 | 3 | 41 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

Figure4. : Distribution of health facilities

|  |
| --- |
|  |

## 4.3: Accessibility to health Service

This section looks at the distance to access health facilities within a community by the household as shown in table 4.3 below.

Table4. : Distance to the nearest Health Unit

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***Sub county*** | ***Distance to the nearest health facility*** | ***Percentage Distribution of Households 5 Km and over to the nearest Public Health Facility*** |
| *Kakooge* | 10km | 36.2 |
| *Kakooge TC* | 5km | 12.9 |
| *Kalongo* | 12km | 63.8 |
| *Kalungi* | 10km | 44.6 |
| *Lwabiyata* | 12km | 41.6 |
| *Lwampanga* | 11km | 25.3 |
| *Migeera TC* | 7km | 67.2 |
| *Nabiswera* | 12km | 56.2 |
| *Nakasongola TC* | 5km | 7.8 |
| *Nakitoma* | 9km | 51.8 |
| *Wabinyonyi* | 11km | 46.5 |

***Source: DHO’s Office***

## 4.4: Health Services Accessibility indicators

Average Population served by each health unit: 5528

Percentage of population within 5km radius of health unit: 64%

Number of licensed private clinics: 7

Practicing Doctor: population ratio: 1:52513

Nurse: Population ratio: 1:5349

Clinical Officer: Population ratio: 1:8915

OPD Utilization: 233834

Deliveries in health facility: 5125

Midwives: pregnant women (15-49) ratio: 1:468

Number of mothers receiving complete antenatal services 3813

Table4. : District performance by selected indicators (2019/2020)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **S/n** | **Indicator** | **Performance (%age)** |
| **1** | Deliveries in Government and PNFP Health Units | 49% |
| **2** | HIV testing in children born to **HIV+** Mothers | 4.6% |
| **3** | Latrine coverage | 83.5% |
| **4** | IPT2 | 32% |
| **5** | ANC4 | 39.8% |
| **6** | TB Treatment Success Rate | 88% |
| **7** | Approved Posts filled by Health Workers | 81% |
| **8** | Monthly Reports Sent on Time | 66.2% |
| **9** | Completeness of Monthly Reports | 98.9% |
| **10** | Completeness of Facility Reports | 98.9% |
| **11** | Medicine Orders made on time | 100% |

***Source: DHO’s Office***

## 4.5: Morbidity and cause of ill health

This section details the frequency of disease, illness, injuries, and disabilities in a population within the district. This is shown in table4.5 below.

Table4. : Top Ten Causes of Morbidity

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Diagnosis** | **0-4 Years** | **5 and Over** | **Male** | **Female** | **Total** | **Performance (%age)** |
| Malaria | 88318 | 121015 | 94047 | 115286 | 209333 | 32.0% |
| Pneumonia - Cough or Cold | 47409 | 62100 | 45437 | 64072 | 109509 | 16.7% |
| Urinary Tract Infections (UTI) | 4619 | 9048 | 4227 | 9440 | 13667 | 2.1% |
| Skin Diseases | 4525 | 6120 | 5356 | 5289 | 10645 | 1.6% |
| Pneumonia | 4753 | 5015 | 4304 | 5464 | 9768 | 1.5% |
| Intestinal Worms | 2501 | 3705 | 2572 | 3634 | 6206 | 0.9% |
| Diarrhea | 4110 | 1949 | 3032 | 3027 | 6059 | 0.9% |
| Sexually transmitted Infections | 1458 | 2670 | 954 | 3174 | 4128 | 0.6% |

***Source: DHO’s Office***

From figure above its evident that malaria is the highest cause of morbidity in the district with a percentage burden of 32% AND sexually transmitted with the least percentage of 0.6%.

## 4.6: Health Manpower

This section categorizes the staffing in the district within a health sector with intentions of determining the manpower gaps within the health sector as shown in table 4.6 below.

Table4. : Staffing in District Health Office

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cadre** | **Approved** | **Filled** | **Not Filled** |
| District Health Officer | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Assistant District Health Officer (Environment) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Assistant District Health Officer (Maternal Child Health/Nursing) | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Principal Health Inspector | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior Nursing Officer | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior Health Educator | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Bio-statistician/Health Information Scientist | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Cold Chain Technician | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Cold Chain Assistant | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Senior Assistant Accountant | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Porter | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Stenographer Secretary | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Stores Assistant | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Office Attendant | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Driver | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| **Total** | **11** | **13** | **2** |

***Source: DHO’s Office***

Table4. : Staffing in the (2) Government Health Units HC IV

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Service Provider Category | Approved | Filled | Vacant |
| Sen.Medical Officer | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Medical Officer | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Sen.Nursing Officer | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Public Heath Nurse | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| SENIOR CLINICAL OFFICER | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| SENIOR HEALTH INSPECTOR | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Clinical Officer | 4 | 9 | 0 |
| Opthalmic Clinical Officer | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Health Inspector | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Dispenser | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Public Dental Officer | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Laboratory Technician | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Asst.Entom.Officer(Medical) | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Nursing Officer (Nursing) | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Nursing Officer (Midwifery) | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Nursing Officer (Psychiatry) | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Asst.Health Educator | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Aneasthetic Officer | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Theatre Asst. | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Aneasthetic asst. | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Enrolled Midwife | 6 | 10 | 0 |
| Enrolled Pyschatric Nurse | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Enrolled Nurse | 6 | 17 | 0 |
| cold chain Asst. | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Ofice Typist | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Laboratory Asst. | 2 | 7 | 0 |
| Stores Asst. | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Health Information Asst. | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Asst. Accountant | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Health Asst. | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Nursing Asst. | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| Askari | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| Porter | 6 | 8 | 0 |
| Driver | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Mortuary Attendant | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| **Total** | **96** | **115** | **26** |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

Table4. : Staffing in the (9) Health Centre IIIs

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Service Provider category | Approved | Filled | Vacant |
| Senior Clinical Officer | 9 | 5 | 3 |
| Clinical Officers | 9 | 10 | 0 |
| Nursing Officer (Nursing) | 9 | 2 | 0 |
| Nursing Officer(Midwifery) | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Health Inspector | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Enrolled Nurse | 27 | 22 | 0 |
| Enrolled Midwife | 18 | 18 | 0 |
| Health Assistant | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| Health Information Asst. | 9 | 9 | 0 |
| Laboratory Asst. | 9 | 9 | 0 |
| Laboratory Technician | 9 | 7 | 1 |
| Askari | 18 | 6 | 12 |
| Porter | 18 | 13 | 5 |
| Driver | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Total | 144 | 118 | 24 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

Table4. : Staffing in the (22) Health Centre IIs

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Service Provider Category | Approved | Filled | Vacant |
| Clinical Officer | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Nursing officer(Nursing) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Health Inspector | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Enrolled Midwife | 22 | 19 | 0 |
| Enrolled Nurse | 22 | 27 | 0 |
| Health Asst. | 22 | 8 | 14 |
| Nursing Asst. | 44 | 32 | 12 |
| Askari | 44 | 14 | 30 |
| Porter | 44 | 26 | 18 |
| Total | 198 | 129 | 74 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

## 4.7: Safe Water Coverage

This section will cover the percentage of people within a reasonable walking distance (1.5km for rural and 0.2km for urban) to an improved water source. A reliable water source is one capable of supplying its beneficiaries, a minimum of 20 litres per capita per day.

### 4.7.1 Household Distance To Nearest Water Source

Table4. : Distance of households to nearest Water Source by sub-county

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Subcounty | Upto 1kms | Over 1kms |
| Kakooge | 33158 | 16934 |
| Kalongo | 1053 | 18262 |
| Kalungi | 3237 | 20470 |
| Lwabiyata | 950 | 15043 |
| Lwampanga | 5592 | 24229 |
| Migeera TC | 503 | 5365 |
| Nabiswera  Nakasongola TC | 1342  2343 | 15109  7623 |
| Nakitoma | 1076 | 12208 |
| Wabinyonyi | 1144 | 17310 |
| Kakooge TC | 3121 | 5588 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

## 4.8: Latrine Coverage

This section will include the number of household within a community that have access to toilet facilities. It also looks at the type of latrine owned by the household. It also covers the achievements versus the district targets as indicated in table 4.11 below.

Table4. : Latrine coverage for 3 years

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub county** | **Latrine coverage** | | | |
| **2017** | **2018** | **2019** | **2020** |
| Kakooge | 88.7 | 70.5 | 79.3 | 85 |
| Kakooge TC | 96 | 85.0 | 87.0 | 93 |
| Kalongo | 85.4 | 77.2 | 73.6 | 71 |
| Kalungi | 85.8 | 77.4 | 79.9 | 77 |
| Lwabiyata | 76.1 | 58.7 | 65.0 | 68 |
| Lwampanga | 78.8 | 58.6 | 56.4 | 63 |
| Migeera TC | 96 | 92.6 | 93.5 | 94 |
| Nabiswera | 71.4 | 68.0 | 87.0 | 77 |
| Nakasongola TC | 96.9 | 94.6 | 94.0 | 87 |
| Nakitoma | 78.7 | 77.6 | 77.7 | 73 |
| Wabinyonyi | 82.6 | 32.2 | 71.4 | 77 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

Table4. : Achievement versus district targets

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Current Achievements (%)** | **Targets by 2019/20 (%)** |
| Latrine coverage | 86.4 | 100 |
| Hand washing | 67 | 100 |
| Primary school pupil : stance ratio | 54:1 | 40:1 |
| Primary school hand washing | 25.8 | 50 |
| Water source coverage | - | - |
| Water source functionality | 72 | 80 |
| Safe water coverage | 78.1 | 80 |

***Source: Based on LQAS Report 2014***

Table4. : Percentage distribution of toilet facilities by type2019/20

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Type of toilet facilities | %age |
| Covered pit latrine | 85.8 |
| VIP Private | 14 |
| Uncovered pit latrine | 44 |
| Flush toilet | 13 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

## 4.9: Immunization Coverage

Table4. : Selected Immunization coverage by Sub-County by Antigen for Financial Year 2019/2020

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub County | BCG | DTP3 | Measles | OPV3 | Deliveries | IPT2 |
| Wabinyonyisc | 38% | 58% | 48% | 57% | 16% | 37% |
| Nakasongola TC | 175% | 123% | 105% | 120% | 188% | 331% |
| Kakooge SC | 37% | 44% | 47% | 48% | 7% | 607% |
| Kakooge TC | 171% | 144% | 146% | 141% | 168% | 159% |
| Kalungi SC | 64% | 65% | 58% | 65% | 52% | 65% |
| Kalongo SC | 64% | 77% | 71% | 79% | 39% | 253% |
| Lwabayata SC | 73% | 79% | 88% | 81% | 34% | 54% |
| Lwampanga SC | 51% | 59% | 49% | 60% | 35% | 46% |
| Nakitoma SC | 71% | 72% | 60% | 72% | 48% | 85% |
| Nabiswera SC | 43% | 53% | 47% | 53% | 41% | 72% |
| Migyera SC | 110% | 110% | 97% | 108% | 57% | 31% |

*Source: DHIS 2*

## 4.10: Drug Inspection

Drug Inspection is important during the provision of health services in order to;

Provide safe, good quality, efficacious medicines and medical supplies to the general public in both public and private sectors.

Promote proper and rational use of drugs, records management among health workers through support supervision, on job training and sensitization on compliance with National Drug Policy and Authority Act and National Standard Clinical Guidelines.

Table4. : Number of Licensed drug shops in the district

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Type | Number |
| Private Pharmacies | 0 |
| Drug Shops | 80 |
| Dental Clinics | 0 |
| Allied Clinics | 10 |
| Domiciaries | 0 |
| Traditional Healers | 0 |

*Source: DHO’s Office*

## 4.11: Tuberculosis, Leprosy and Onchocerciasis

According to the Annual Health Sector Performance Report 2018/2019 by Ministry of Health, the National level Tuberculosis treatment success rate was 79 percent compared to 88.5 percent for the District.

During the same period, the following number of patients was registered in the district;

Patients suffering from TB: 329

Patients suffering from Leprosy: 0

Patients suffering from Onchocerciasis: 0

## 4.12: Maternal and Child Health (MCH)

Number of mothers receiving antenatal 4,204

Number of mothers receiving post natal services 18,527

Number of supervised deliveries by skilled personnel 4,897

Number of mothers practicing family planning 16,320

Infant mortality rate 43/1000 Live Birth

Under 5 mortality rate 64/1000 Live Birth

Maternal mortality rate 343/100,000 Live Birth

Total Fertility rate

## 4.13: AIDS control (Prevalence, Control and Treatment)

According to the Health Sector Strategic Plan(HSSPIII), HIV/AIDS is one of the communicable disease that account for over half of the total burden of disease, leading cause of ill health and mortality in Uganda. The overall objective for the communicable diseases cluster is to reduce the prevalence and incidence of communicable diseases by at least 50 percent as per the MDGs and NDP target.

### 4.13.1: HIV/AIDS Prevalence Rates (DHI office)

HIV/AIDS prevalence in Nakasongola district stands at 5.9%.

Table4. : HIV/AIDS Management in the last five financial years

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cases** | **2015/2016** | **2016/2017** | **2017/2018** | **2018/2019** | **2019/2020** |
| Number counselled | 22617 | 40089 | 53976 | 36,725 | 92,486 |
| Number tested | 23427 | 41177 | 56490 | 37,373 | 94,120 |
| Number not tested/ tested | 96 | 1185 | 43 | 4 | 1,634 |
| Number that received results | 23230 | 39819 | 56393 | 37,373 | 92,486 |
| Number tested positive | 1051 | 1839 | 2112 | 1,580 | 2,217 |

***Source: DHO’s Office***

### 4.13.2: Number of HIV Counselling Centres (DHO Office HMIS)

The District has 14 HIV counseling centers.

4.13.3: Coverage of HIV/AIDS Counseling and Testing (HCT) Services

No. and %age of health units up to HC II that have integrated HCT 14/34(41%)

Stock out of HIV test kits 20%

Average No. of HCT outreaches per month 6

%age that demand for HCT services and are not counseled for HIV 30%

%age that received HCT results 99%

### 4.13.4: HIV/AIDS Counseling and Testing (HCT) Sites

The distribution of HIV/AIDS counseling and testing sites is important in ascertaining the level of accessibility of this health service within the district. Table4.17 below indicates the distribution of HCT services by facility by location.

Table4. : Distribution of HCT services (2019)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Agency | Subcounty | Number of Patients | Ownership |
| NAKASONGOLA MILITARY HOSPITAL | Lwampanga | 1486 | Gov`t |
| NAKASONGOLA HC IV | Nakasongola | 7501 | Gov`t |
| NABISWERA HC IV | Nabiswera | 3128 | Gov`t |
| FRANCISCAN HC IV | Kakooge | 1007 | Gov`t |
| LWAMPANGA HC III | Lwampanga | 4347 | Gov`t |
| NAKAYONZA HC III | Lwabiyata | 2527 | Gov`t |
| NAKITOMA HC III | Nakitoma | 2113 | Gov`t |
| KALUNGU HC III | Kalungi | 2348 | Gov`t |
| BAMUGOLODE HC III | Kalongo | 2017 | Gov`t |
| KAKOOGE HC III | Kakooge | 2771 | Gov`t |
| OUR LADY HC III | Nakasongola | 1125 | Gov`t |
| FRANCIS HC III | Nabiswera | 2251 | Private |
| WABIGALO HC II | Wabinyonyi | 607 | Private |
| KAZWAMA HC II | Kalungi | 279 | Gov`t |

Source: DHO’s Office

### 4.13.5: Anti-Retroviral Therapy including treatment for children ( ART)

In this section, the agencies providing ART, their location, numbers of people (adults and children) accessing the ART are covered as in the table4.18 below.

Table4. : ART Services by Sub County

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Agency** | **sub county** | **Total Adults** | **Total Children** | **Total Overall** | **Ownership** |
| Nakasongola military hospital | Lwampanga | 789 | 32 | 830 | Gov`t |
| Nakasongola HC IV | Nakasongola | 991 | 57 | 1040 | Gov`t |
| Nabiswera HC IV | Nabiswera | 282 | 19 | 301 | Gov`t |
| Franciscan HC IV | Kakooge | 126 | 0 | 126 | Gov`t |
| Lwampanga HC III | Lwampanga | 637 | 31 | 688 | Gov`t |
| Nakayonza HC III | Lwabiyata | 186 | 10 | 196 | Gov`t |
| Nakitoma HC III | Nakitoma | 231 | 15 | 246 | Gov`t |
| Kalungu HC III | Kalungi | 425 | 36 | 461 | Gov`t |
| Bamugolode HC III | Kalongo | 124 | 14 | 138 | Gov`t |
| Kakooge HC III | Kakooge | 648 | 40 | 688 | Gov`t |
| Our lady HC III | Nakasongola | 106 | 6 | 112 | Private |
| Francis HC III | Nabiswera | 263 | 21 | 284 | Private |
| Wabigalo HC II | Wabinyonyi | 58 | 0 | 58 | Gov`t |
| Kazwama HC II | Kalungi | 63 | 3 | 66 | Gov`t |

Source: HMIS/UDHS Office

### 4.13.7: Anti retroviral Drug Administration

Table4. : Anti retroviral Drug Administration

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Antiretroviral drug** | **Male** | **Female** | **Total** |
| Number of people living with HIV on 1st line ARVs | 2141 | 2980 | 5121 |
| Number of people living with HIV on 2nd line ARVs | 119 | 123 | 246 |

Source: HMIS

### 4.13.8: Labor and Delivery care (2019)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Number of HIV positive mothers | 266 |
| Total number of deliveries | 5,016 |
| Number swallowed ARVs for prophylaxis | 254 |

### 4.31.8: HIV testing for children aged 18 months to 5 years born to HIV positive mothers

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Number of infants born to HIV positive mothers tested for HIV | 384 |
| Number of children born to HIV positive mothers tested HIV positive | 10 |

# CHAPTER 5: Education and Sports

## 5.1: Introduction

The Department of Education is charged with overseeing the implementation of the district and National education policies and plans. It also monitors and evaluates the performance of the education system and school operations to keep required standards within the district. The areas of focus include teachers, pupils, school facilities and parents.

The Department also seeks to strengthen the institutional frame work for the management of schools and assurance of accountability of public resources in education programmes. The department is one of the best funded sectors in the district. The District Council equally joins the Government to promote education for all its citizens in partnership with parents and others members of the community. As such, the Government's Education policy is to promote quality basic education by improving access by girls and boys, equity and retention in all Primary schools and other levels of learning.

## 5.2: Distance to the nearest primary school

Table5. : Distance of households to nearest primary school.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Distance to Nearest Primary School | No. of Schools | % |
| Below 1 km | 14 | 8.5% |
| 1 - 2 km | 24 | 14.5% |
| 2.1 - 3 km | 28 | 17.0% |
| 3.1 - 4 km | 43 | 26.1% |
| 4.1 - 5 km | 31 | 18.8% |
| Above 5 km | 25 | 15.2% |
| Total | 165 | 100.0% |

*Source: District Education Office*

**5.3: Number of Primary** **and Secondary schools**

Thed district has 144 Government primary schools and 10 government secondary schools as illustrated in table 5.2 below.

Table5. : Number of primary & secondary schools by ownership by Sub-county

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub county** | **Number of Primary Schools** | | | | **Number of Secondary Schools** | | | **Number of Technical Institutes** | | |
|  | **Gov’t** | **NGO’s /FBO** | **Private** | **Total** | **Gov’t** | **Private** | **Total** | **Gov’t** | **Private** | **Total** |
| Lwampanga | 14 | 6 | 26 | 46 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Migeera TC | 2 | - | 7 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nabisweera | 21 | - | 12 | 33 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nakitoma | 13 | 1 | 7 | 21 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lwabyata | 8 | 4 | 18 | 30 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nakasongola TC | 6 | - | 8 | 14 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kakooge | 20 | 2 | 16 | 38 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kakooge TC | 8 | - | 8 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Kalongo | 17 | 4 | 21 | 42 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kalungi | 19 | 2 | 21 | 42 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wabinyonyi | 16 | 4 | 20 | 40 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | **144** | **23** | **164** | **331** | **10** | **19** | **29** | **1** | **1** | **2** |

***Source: District Education Office***

## 5.4: Infrastructures and Facilities in Gov’t Aided Primary schools by type in each sub county as at 2019

Table5. : Infranstructure by subcounty.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub County | Permanent Class rooms | Teachers' Houses | Latrines Stances for Pupils | % of Pupils without sitting and writing facilities |
| Kakooge | 181 | 51 | 264 | 16% |
| Kalongo | 93 | 22 | 121 | 20% |
| Kalungi | 121 | 37 | 192 | 20% |
| Lwabyata | 57 | 18 | 159 | 24% |
| Lwampanga | 105 | 39 | 330 | 25% |
| Nabiswera | 140 | 38 | 394 | 3% |
| Nakasongola T.C | 35 | 11 | 120 | 6% |
| Nakitoma | 80 | 18 | 240 | 15% |
| Wabinyonyi | 109 | 37 | 339 | 12% |
| Total | 921 | 271 | 2,159 | 16% |

*Source: District Education Office*

## 5.5: Number of teachers approved, filled &gaps in primary and secondary

The district has a total of 1,222 filled trained teachers of which 647 are male and 575 are female in the primary section as shown in table 5.4 below.

Table5. : Number of teachers approved, filled&gaps in primary and secondary schools.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | Approved | Filled | | | Gap |
| Male | Female | Total |
| A | Primary Education | | | | | |
|  | Number of teachers | 1,420 | 659 | 605 | 1,264 | 156 |
| Number of trained teachers | 1,374 | 647 | 575 | 1,222 | 152 |
| Number of support staff |  |  |  |  |  |
| B | Secondary Education | | | | | |
|  | Number of teachers | 245 | 128 | 44 | 172 | 73 |
| Number of trained teachers | 245 | 128 | 44 | 172 | 73 |
| Number of support staff | 40 | 13 | 4 | 17 | 23 |

*Source: District Education Office*

## 5.6: Enrolment and enrolment ratios – primary.

The statistics showed that in 2016 primary enrolment was 48, 870, pupils increased to 49,216pupils in 2017 and then to 50,373 in 2018 as shown in the table5.5 below.

Table5. : Primary school Enrolment 2016-2018 by Sub County

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub county | 2016 | | | 2017 | | | 2018 | | |
| Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
| Lwampanga | 3,232 | 3,009 | 6,241 | 3,321 | 3,102 | 6,423 | 3,248 | 3,066 | 6,314 |
| Migeera TC | 578 | 602 | 1180 | 598 | 606 | 1204 | 580 | 608 | 1,188 |
| Nabisweera | 2,498 | 2,442 | 4,940 | 2,498 | 2,479 | 4,999 | 2,561 | 2,492 | 5,053 |
| Nakitoma | 2,098 | 2,032 | 4,130 | 2,103 | 2,067 | 4,170 | 2,124 | 2,087 | 4,211 |
| Lwabyata | 1,798 | 1,687 | 3,485 | 1,776 | 1,698 | 3,474 | 1,814 | 1,796 | 3,610 |
| Nakasongola TC | 1,102 | 1,043 | 2,145 | 1,021 | 1,023 | 2,044 | 1,156 | 1,096 | 2,252 |
| Kakooge | 3,143 | 3,308 | 6,451 | 3,165 | 3,298 | 6,463 | 3,153 | 3,333 | 6,486 |
| Kakooge TC | 1,232 | 1,342 | 2,574 | 1,254 | 1,358 | 2,612 | 1,537 | 1,483 | 3,020 |
| Kalongo | 3,398 | 3,201 | 6,599 | 3,367 | 3,243 | 6,610 | 3,448 | 3,252 | 6,700 |
| Kalungi | 3,198 | 3,095 | 6,293 | 3,186 | 3,154 | 6,340 | 3,321 | 3,231 | 6,552 |
| Wabinyonyi | 2,409 | 2,423 | 4,832 | 2,401 | 2,498 | 4,899 | 2,508 | 2,479 | 4,987 |
| Total | 24,686 | 24,184 | 48,870 | 24,690 | 24,526 | 49,216 | 25,450 | 24,923 | 50,373 |

*Source: District Education Office*

## 5.7: Efficiency Ratios by Sub County.

Efficiency ratios include the pupil classroom ratio (PCR), pupil teacher’s ratio (PTR), pupil, pupil latrine stance ratio (PSR) and pupils without adequate sitting facilities in the district by Sub County.

The efficiency ratios provide a picture on the learning /teaching classroom environment in terms of overcrowding, pupil – teacher contact, and availability of learning materials. For all these ratios, a lower value leads to reduced levels of overcrowding or reduced competition for classroom resources and implies better learning conditions.

The District average pupil classroom ratio stood at --, pupil teachers ratio was -- and the pupil latrine stance ratio was --. However, although the efficiency ratios showed impressive figures, there were many schools without or with inadequate facilities. The detail is shown in the table below.

Table5. : Efficiency Ratios for UPE schools by Sub County in the District.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub county** | **No. UPE School** | **Enrolment Primary (2020)** | | | | **No. Class rooms** | **Teachers Filled (Gov't)** | **No. latrine stances (UPE) schools** | **No. Desks in UPE Schools** | **PCR** | **PTR** | **Pupil Latrine stance Ratio** | **Pupil Desk Ratio** |
| **All schools** | **UPE schools** | | |
| **Male** | **Female** | **Total** |
| Kakooge | 20 | 7,912 | 2,728 | 2,781 | 5,509 | 108 | 177 | 172 | 1,393 | 51 | 31 | 32 | 4 |
| Kakooge Tc | 8 | 3,338 | 1,116 | 1,344 | 2,460 | 59 | 78 | 100 | 727 | 42 | 32 | 25 | 3 |
| Kalongo | 17 | 7,215 | 2,608 | 2,743 | 5,351 | 104 | 145 | 142 | 1,125 | 51 | 37 | 38 | 5 |
| Kalungi | 19 | 6,743 | 2,278 | 2,281 | 4,559 | 124 | 177 | 213 | 1,487 | 37 | 26 | 21 | 3 |
| Lwabyata | 8 | 3,136 | 1,078 | 1,149 | 2,227 | 59 | 87 | 77 | 529 | 38 | 26 | 29 | 4 |
| Lwampanga | 14 | 5,889 | 2,232 | 2,249 | 4,481 | 103 | 146 | 135 | 1,097 | 44 | 31 | 33 | 4 |
| Migeera Tc | 2 | 1,573 | 453 | 478 | 931 | 17 | 26 | 25 | 253 | 55 | 36 | 37 | 4 |
| Nabiswera | 21 | 5,249 | 1,881 | 2,017 | 3,898 | 120 | 139 | 200 | 1,178 | 32 | 28 | 19 | 3 |
| Nakasongola TC | 6 | 1,942 | 711 | 676 | 1,387 | 38 | 53 | 55 | 388 | 37 | 26 | 25 | 4 |
| Nakitoma | 13 | 4,670 | 1,640 | 1,669 | 3,309 | 73 | 103 | 104 | 891 | 45 | 32 | 32 | 4 |
| Wabinyonyi | 16 | 5,430 | 1,975 | 1,905 | 3,880 | 95 | 133 | 133 | 1,172 | 41 | 29 | 29 | 3 |
| Grand Total | 144 | 53,097 | 18,700 | 19,292 | 37,992 | 900 | 1,264 | 1,356 | 10,240 | 42 | 30 | 28 | 4 |

*Source: DIS’ Office*

## 5.8: Performance (2015-2019)

Good performance is an indicator of output in the education sector; the trend of pass rate has been staggering around 85% between 2015 and 2018 as shown in the table5.7 below.

Table5. : P.L.E performance (2015-2019)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** |  | **DIV 1** | **DIV 2** | **DIV 3** | **DIV 4** | **DIV U** | **DIV X** | **REG** | **SAT** | **Passed** | **Pass Rate** |
| **2019** | TOTAL | 291 | 1619 | 947 | 573 | 587 | 165 | 4182 | 3985 | 3398 | 85.3% |
| % | 7.3% | 40.6% | 23.8% | 14.4% | 14.7% | 3.9% |  | 95.3% |  |  |
| **2018** | TOTAL | 368 | 1,592 | 930 | 632 | 464 | 176 | 4,157 | 3,981 | 3,517 | 89.0% |
| % | 8.9% | 38.3% | 24.6% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **2017** | TOTAL | 285 | 1,569 | 874 | 631 | 531 | 202 | 4,092 | 3,890 | 3,359 | 86.30% |
| % | 7.30% | 40.30% | 22.50% | 16.20% | 13.70% | 4.90% |  | 95.10% |  |  |
| **2016** | TOTAL | 267 | 1317 | 921 | 766 | 692 | 177 | 4140 | 3963 | 3271 | 82.5% |
| % | 6.7% | 33.2% | 23.2% | 19.3% | 17.5% | 4.3% |  | 95.7% |  |  |
| **2015** | TOTAL | 261 | 1,198 | 928 | 665 | 787 | 251 | 4,090 | 2,819 | 3,052 | 79.5% |
| % | 6.8% | 31,2% | 24.2% | 17.3% | 20.5% | 6.1% |  |  |  |  |

***Source: DIS’ Office***

Figure5. : PLE performance in Grades 2019

|  |
| --- |
|  |

Table5. : Performance at O’Level (UCE) 2015 – 2018

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Year | Div 1 | Div 1 % | Div 2 | Div 2 % | Div 3 | Div 3 % | Div 4 | Div 7 | Div 9 | Div X | Tot Reg | Tot Sat | Tot Passed |
| 2018 | 56 | 3.3% | 190 | 11.3% | 356 | 21.3% | 839 | 0 | 234 | 24 | 1,699 | 1,675 | 1,441 |
| 2017 | 43 | 3% | 180 | 13% | 347 | 24% | 730 | 3 | 123 | 33 | 1,440 | 1,426 | 1,300 |
| 2016 | 34 | 2% | 172 | 10.60% | 322 | 19.30% | 848 | 3 | 237 | 33 | 1,649 | 1,616 | 1,376 |
| 2015 | 44 | 2.70% | 184 | 11.3 | 406 | 24.90% | 792 | 2 | 203 | 34 | 1,665 | 1,631 | 1,426 |

Source: DIS’ Office

## 5.9: Inspectorate

The district had three inspectors. The inspector to primary school ratio was 1:109. .Three inspections per school were carried out annually, 142 schools were inspected and three inspection reports were made per school.

Out of the many recommendations about 20% were implemented.

There were 142 school management committees approved and functional out of 328 schools.

# CHARPTER 6: Works and Technical Services

## 6.1: Introduction.

The Works Sector comprises of two Departments (Roads and Technical Services and that of Rural Water and Sanitation). The sector further has to ensure proper quality in design, construction, inspection and maintenance of all Local Administration building structures. The national roads are developed and maintained by the Ministry of Works and Transport. The District Local Government maintains district roads while Community access roads are the responsibility of the Lower Local Governments. This section presents selected statistics on work services delivery.

## 6.2: Roads.

The District has a total of approximately 620.33 Km of trunk roads, 156.52 km of feeder roads and 1594 km of community roads. The district is in charge of maintaining the condition of Feeder roads whereas Sub-Counties maintain community roads.

### 6.2.1: Roads by grade, Length and condition.

There are several categories of road networks including Trunk roads managed by the Central Government, Feeder roads managed by the District and Town councils, and community roads are maintained by community members.

Table6. : Planned roads by name and status FY 2019/20.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| S/N | Activity | Geographical Location | Planned Target For Quarter | Actual Achieved |
| 1 | Routine manual maintenance of district roads | District wide | 158.3 | 158.3 |
| 2 | Routine mechanized maintenance of district roads | Nakitomaaa-Mulonzi (Nakitoma S/C) | 24 | 24 |
| Ntuuti- Nabutaka (Kakooge S/C) | 16 | 16 |
| Kimatwe- Njeru (Nakitoma S/C) | 1 | 1 |
| Bukabi- Busolosolo( Kakooge S/C) | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Kanyonyi- Mulonzi ( Nabiswera S/C) | 13.1 | 13.1 |

***Source: Works department.***

### 6.2.2: District Roads by type by maintaining authority.

This is appended in the table 9.A1.

## 6.3: Housing.

The housing in this category basically includes buildings/rooms being used for Office accommodation for the various departments within the district.

Table6. : Capacity and Condition of District Office Blocks

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Dept/Sector | No. Of offices | Ownership (district/rented) | Location (district Hqrts/off) | Adequacy (yes/no) | Condition (good/fair/bad) |
| Finance | 06 | District | District Hqt | No | Fair |
| Council | 08 | District | District Hqt | Yes | Fair |
| Medical | 11 | District | District Hqt | No | Good |
| Production | 07 | District | Off | Yes | Good |
| Police | 02 | Police | Off | No | Bad |
| Education | 03 | District | District Hqt | Yes | Good |
| Ears | 03 | District | District Hqt | Yes | Good |
| Works | 04 | District | District Hqt | No | Fair |
| Prisons |  |  | Off | Yes | Good |
| Audit/DSC/Fisheries | 05 | District | District | No | Bad/Fair/Good |
| Water | 04 | District | District Hqt | Yes | Bad |
| Labour (Community) | 03 | District | District Hqt | No | Fair |
| Administration | 09 | District | District Hqt | No | Fair |
| Land office | 04 | District | District Hqt | No | Bad |
| Environment | 02 | District | District Hqt | No | Fair |

***Source: Works and Technical services***

**6.4: Mechanical (vehicles and plants).**

This is the section under works and technical services which is responsible for the maintenance and custody of the district vehicles and motorcycles. This is illustrated in table-- below

Table6. : Total number of vehicles in the district

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of Vehicles** | **Total Number** | **Working condition** | **Not in Working condition** |
| Plants | 08 | 08 | 0 |
| Trucks | 08 | 08 | 0 |
| Vehicles | 17 | 10 | 7 |
| Motorcycles | 195 | 168 | 27 |

***Source: Works and Technical services***

## 6.5: Point water sources.

This section covers water point sources by Sub County

Table6. : Point water sources by Sub County

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub-county | parish | Pop 2014 | DHB | RWT>10M3 | POP SERVED | POP 2019 | COVERAGE (%) AT 2019 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| KALONGO | Bamugolode | 2726 | 9 | 2 | 2712 | 3010 | 90.1 |
|  | Kamirampango | 4193 | 16 | 2 | 4812 | 4629 | 103.9 |
| Kiwambya | 1662 | 8 | 4 | 2424 | 1835 | 132.1 |
| Mayirikiti | 3730 | 8 | 3 | 2418 | 4118 | 58.7 |
| Kiswera mainda | 2764 | 12 | 5 | 3630 | 3052 | 119 |
| Kigejjo | 1829 | 7 | 1 | 2106 | 2019 | 104.3 |
| Kisuuma | 2411 | 4 | 2 | 1212 | 2662 | 45.5 |
| KALUNGI | Irima | 4344 | 12 | 0 | 3600 | 4796 | 75.1 |
|  | Namungolo | 3528 | 13 | 0 | 3900 | 3895 | 100.1 |
| Kazwama | 6021 | 15 | 0 | 4500 | 6648 | 67.7 |
| Kisenyi | 4542 | 14 | 0 | 4200 | 5015 | 83.8 |
| Wanzogi | 5272 | 19 | 0 | 5700 | 5821 | 97.9 |
| KAKOOGE | Kyankonwa | 2842 | 11 | 2 | 3330 | 3138 | 106.1 |
|  | Kyabutaika | 3099 | 11 | 2 | 3312 | 3422 | 96.8 |
| Katuugo | 5147 | 14 | 2 | 4212 | 5683 | 74.1 |
| Kyambogo | 5392 | 14 | 8 | 4248 | 5953 | 71.4 |
| Kyeindora | 3617 | 24 | 4 | 7224 | 3993 | 180.9 |
| LWABIYATA | Nalukonge | 6408 | 5 | 1 | 1506 | 7075 | 21.3 |
|  | Kansiira | 2611 | 5 | 0 | 1500 | 2883 | 52 |
| Namiika | 2558 | 6 | 2 | 1812 | 2824 | 64.2 |
| Kikooge | 1996 | 3 | 0 | 900 | 2204 | 40.8 |
| Nakayonza | 2420 | 4 | 2 | 1212 | 2672 | 45.4 |
| LWAMPANGA | Kisaalizi | 4300 | 3 | 0 | 900 | 4748 | 19 |
| Kiwembi | 4804 | 4 | 2 | 1233 | 5304 | 23.2 |
| Lwampanga | 4885 | 4 | 2 | 1212 | 5393 | 22.5 |
| Kikoiro | 5228 | 1 | 2 | 312 | 5772 | 5.4 |
| Zengebe | 4855 | 6 | 2 | 1812 | 5360 | 33.8 |
| Wajjala | 5749 | 14 | 2 | 7212 | 6347 | 113.6 |
| NABISWERA | Kyangogolo | 1308 | 9 | 0 | 2406 | 3434 | 78.9 |
|  | Katuuba | 2888 | 6 | 0 | 1803 | 3189 | 56.5 |
| Kalengedde | 2910 | 9 | 0 | 2703 | 3219 | 84.1 |
| Mulonzi | 2016 | 7 | 0 | 2100 | 2226 | 94.3 |
| Kwamukonda | 2802 | 6 | 0 | 1821 | 3094 | 58.9 |
| Namaasa | 2727 | 7 | 0 | 2100 | 3011 | 69.7 |
| WABINYONYI | Kiwongoire | 3436 | 4 | 6 | 1236 | 3794 | 32.6 |
|  | Sikye | 1903 | 5 | 6 | 1560 | 2101 | 74.2 |
| Wampiiti | 3235 | 10 | 12 | 3072 | 3572 | 86 |
| Kamunina | 2019 | 3 | 4 | 927 | 2229 | 41.6 |
| Kyamuyingo | 2072 | 3 | 3 | 918 | 2288 | 40.1 |
| Sasiira | 2452 | 6 | 5 | 1830 | 2707 | 67.6 |
| Kageri | 2726 | 7 | 6 | 2136 | 3010 | 71 |
| Wabigalo | 2514 | 4 | 6 | 1710 | 2776 | 61.6 |
| NAKITOMA | Kasozi | 1089 | 7 | 0 | 2100 | 1202 | 174.7 |
|  | Bujabe | 5858 | 14 | 2 | 4260 | 6468 | 65.9 |
| Njeru | 2720 | 10 | 0 | 3003 | 3003 | 100 |
| Kigweri | 3617 | 16 | 7 | 4992 | 3993 | 125 |
| Grand total rural water sector | 159,025 | 399 | 109 | 124,128 | 175,576 | 3431 |
| URBAN DISTRICT WATER COVERAGE | | | | | | | |
| NAKASONGOLA | Central ward | 5308 | 8 | 0 | 8865 | 5860 | 151.3 |
|  | West ward | 1947 | 6 | 0 | 3264 | 2150 | 151.8 |
| East ward | 2711 | 8 | 0 | 3240 | 2993 | 108.2 |
| KAKOOGE | Kabaale ward | 1984 | 16 | 3 | 4818 | 2190 | 220 |
| Central ward | 2402 | 14 | 3 | 4566 | 2652 | 172.2 |
| North ward | 3189 | 7 | 3 | 3027 | 3521 | 86 |
| Kibira ward | 1134 | 2 | 1 | 606 | 1252 | 48.4 |
| MIGYERA | Central ward | 1983 | 2 | 0 | 1956 | 2189 | 89.3 |
| East ward | 2293 | 2 | 0 | 2688 | 2532 | 106.2 |
| North ward | 813 | 2 | 0 | 1272 | 898 | 141.7 |
| West ward | 779 | 2 | 0 | 948 | 860 | 110.2 |
| Grand total urban water sector | 24,543 | 69 | 10 | 35250 | 27097 | 130.1 |
| Nakasongola district | 183,568 | 468 | 119 | 159,378 | 202,674 | 3562 |

*Source: Water departmen*

### 6.5.1: Safe Water sources.

Table6. : Safe water sources

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type of safe water source** | **Number** |
| Protected springs | 00 |
| Shallow wells | 45 |
| Deep boreholes | 468 |
| Yard Taps for public use | 400 |
| Kiosks | 19 |
| Public stand posts | 38 |
| Rain water harvest tanks | 157 |
| Valley tanks | 153 |
| **Total** | **1082** |

***Source: Water department.***

# CHAPTER 7: Natural Resources.

## 7.1: Introduction

The Department of Natural Resources comprises of the Natural Resources Office, the Lands and Physical Planning Office as well as the Forestry, Environment & Wetlands Office. It is charged with the responsibility of ensuring sustainable and productive utilization of natural resources for poverty reduction, enhanced economic growth and improved livelihoods. The major causes of the deterioration the quality and the quantity of the natural resource base is associated with human activity. There is massive deforestation particularly on privately owned land where most of the districts tree resources are. This is closely followed by wetland degradation as a result of cultivation of crops. Other threats are soil erosion whose magnitude and impact has never been quantified.

## 7.2: Environmental Sanitation

Table 7.1 below shows the various waste collections points and disposal points in the district.

Table7. : Waste collection points

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Number of solid waste collection points | 07 |
| Number of landfills | 01 |
| Length of storm water drains functional | N/A |
| Number of solid waste disposal points in LG | 03 |
| Number of abattoirs | 01 |
| Number of abattoirs that meet specifications | 03 |
| Number of abattoirs with disposable lagoons | 00 |

*Source: District Natural Resources Office*

## 7.3: Waste Management

The district uses various methods to manage waste. These are stated in table 7.2 below.

Table7. : Waste management (particularly for urban) as of 2018

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *Waste management type* | *Number* |
| Bunkers | 04 |
| Garbage trucks | 03 |
| Refuse skips | 00 |
| Landfills | 00 |
| Dumping sites | 03 |
| Placenta pits | 13 |
| Incinerators | 00 |
| Rubbish pits | 100 |

***Source: District Natural Resources Office***

## 7.4: Tree planting.

In 2019, the district established 08 nusrsery beds as shown in table 7.3 below.

Table7. : Number of trees planted in a calendar year

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Number of nursery beds established and maintained | 08 |
| Number of trees planted ( in calendar year 2019) | 500,000 |
| Number of commercial tree growers | 20 |

## 7.5: Charcoal burning.

The district has no licensed charcoal dealers.

Table7. : Number of charcoal and Timber dealers

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Number of licensed charcoal dealers | 00 |
| Number of licensed timber dealers | 00 |

## 7.6: Location of Wild Game and Vermin

Table7. : Location of wild game and vermin

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Sub-county | Available categories of vermin | Available categories of game |
| [1 Nabiswera | Monkeys | Antelopes and Reptiles |
| [2]Nakitoma | Monkeys | Antelopes and Reptiles |
| [3] Kakooge | Monkeys | Antelopes and Reptiles |
| [4] Kalongo | Monkeys | Antelopes and Reptiles |

*Source: Natural Resources Office*

## 7.7: State of Wetlands.

Number of rivers and lakes: 3 rivers and 1 lake

Percentage of wetlands used for papyrus harvesting: (grass)20%

Reclamation for human settlement and activities: (agriculture + livestock) 45%

Water pollution

## 7.8: Land management.

Land use

Percentage of land under agriculture: 75%

Percentage of land under commercial farming: 5%

Percentage of land occupied by forest reserves: 65.6%

## 7.9: Forestry.

This section talks about the state of forestry in the district. The district had 22,758 hactares area under

Forest of which 99% were owned by government and only 1% owned by private people the detail is in table 7.3.

Table7. : Distribution of Forest Reserves by category

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Name of forest* | *Type [Description]* | *Area [Ha]* | *Location by sub-county* | *Legal Ownership* | *Year of Gazettement* |
| *[1]Katugo* | *P.oocarpa and P.caribaea plantation with appro.1600 ha under woodland savannah and approx.100 ha of swamp* | *3,318.00* | *Kakooge* | *CFR under NFA* | *1963* |
| *[2]Kasagala* | *Savannah wood/grassland,classified as Lourdetia woodland[N1] with Sorgastrum grassland[w2]* | *10,298.00* | *Kakooge/Wabinyonyi* | *CFR under NFA* | *1963 as LFR ,and 1968 as CFR* |
| *[3] Kyalubanga* | *More of savannah grassland with Terminaliassp,andAlbiziaSpp,VitexSpp, Acacia SPPAnonasenegalinsisandTecleanobilis are common tree species* | *4,393.00* | *Lwabyata/Wabinyonyi* | *CFR under NFA* | *1963 as LFR ,and 1968 as CFR* |
| *[4]Wabisi-Wajala* | *Mostly thickets,dryCombretumsavannah,Acacia, and Imperatacylindricum* | *4453.00* | *Lwampanga* | *CFR under NFA* | *1963 as LFR ,and 1968 as CFR* |

***Source: District Natural Resources Office***

# CHAPTER 8: Gender & Community Based Services.

## 8.1: Introduction

This chapter shows statistics on marginalized groups or communities. The mandate of the department is to promote social protection and promotion of human right as well as empowering these groups.

## 8.2: General Community Development Issues.

The Community Based services sector is one of the major sectors in the district and is composed of;

Probation Youth, Children and Social welfare

Gender, Culture and Community Development

Disability and Elderly

Labour and Industrial Relations

The District has several community development groups. These include youth groups, women groups, civil society organizations, FAL study groups and cultural groups as shown in table 8.1 below.

Table8. : Community Development Groups

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Number of Community Development Groups | 3,014 |
| Mixed (Men, women, PWDs) groups | 3,014 |
| Community Development Centres | 2 |
| Number of NGOs | 3 |
| No of NGOs support programs for disadvantaged groups | 3 |
| Number of CBOs | 3,014 |
| Ratio of CDAs/CDOs to the community | 1:1,8182 |
| Youth Groups | 76 |
| PWD groups | 48 |
| Cultural groups | 1 |

## 8.3: Community Projects.

The district supports various community projects from different sub counties and Town councils as shown in table8.2 below.

Table8. : Projects implemented by Sub-county by 2020

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub-Counties | Name Of The Groups | Date Of Receipt | Completion Date | Amount Receieved |
| Kakooge S/C | Wakasambya Youth Dairy (Local Breeds) | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 11,000,000 |
| Kakooge S/C | Kakira Dairy Cattle Rearing Development Group | 14/09/2014 | 14/09/2017 | 12,493,000 |
| Kakooge S/C | Kyambogo youth cattle fattening project | 1/2/2017 | 1/2/2020 | 9,000,000 |
| Kakooge S/C | Batuusa cattle fattening youth project | 1/2/2017 | 1/2/2020 | 9,000,000 |
| Kakooge S/C | Kyebongole youth passion fruit growing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 8,000,000 |
| Kakooge S/C | Kyamalimbye Youth Animal Traction | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 10,780,000 |
| Kakooge S/C | Katale kakooge Unisex youth salon | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 8,500,000 |
| Kakooge T/C | Kabaale St. Kizito Beef Production Group | 14/09/2014 | 14/09/2017 | 12,361,000 |
| Kakooge T/C | Kirowooza Youth Maize Growing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 7,000,000 |
| Kakooge T/C | Kyamasanda youth cattle rearing | 5/4/2018 | 5/4/2021 | 12,000,000 |
| Kakooge T/C | Kalina Kakooge Youth Events Management | 5/4/2018 | 5/4/2021 | 12,000,000 |
| Kakooge T/C | Kikadde Zone Youth Boda boda | 5/4/2018 | 5/4/2021 | 12,000,000 |
| Kakooge T/Council | Kasuuge Magezi Buggaga Beef Youth Project | 16/12/2014 | 16/12/2017 | 11,058,000 |
| Kakooge T/Council | Katale Zone Bavubuka Twegatte Youth Beef Rearing Project | 16/12/2014 | 16/12/2017 | 9,270,000 |
| Kalongo S/C | Kanyika Oseka Ki Animal Traction | 14/09/2014 | 14/09/2017 | 11,690,000 |
| Kalongo S/C | Kibbanja Goat Keepers Youth Group | 14/09/2014 | 14/09/2017 | 8,300,000 |
| kalongo s/c | Kyakabombo Tukole Youth Bull fattening | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 7,000,000 |
| Kalongo S/C | Kabazi Balyejjusa Cattle Rearing Youth | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 7,875,000 |
| Kalungi S/C | Kigazi Youth Dairy Rearing Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 8,215,000 |
| Kalungi S/C | Kalungi Dairy Youth Development Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 9,972,000 |
| Kalungi S/C | Nakatubba Animal Traction Dev't group | 9/9/2016 | 9/9/2019 | 10,105,000 |
| Kalungi S/C | Kireka Trust is wealth Youth cattle rearing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 10,680,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Nalukonge Animal Traction project Lwabiyata S/C | 9/9/2016 | 9/9/2019 | 7,500,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Soweto Tukulakulane Animal Rearing | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 10,260,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Tukolembe Nakatoogo Youth Dual Purpose Cattle | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 8,950,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Tumba Tukore Amwei Youth Cattle Rearing | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 7,000,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Wabusaana piggery youth project Lwabiyata | 9/9/2016 | 9/9/2019 | 7,000,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Kalinda cattle rearing youth group | 1/2/2017 | 1/2/2019 | 6,750,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Kikooge youth cattle rearing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 12,460,000 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Kikooge Nile Youth Cattle rearing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 10,375,500 |
| Lwabiyata S/C | Nalukonge Tumba Tukulakulane Youth Boda boda | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 10,805,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Lwampanga H/C III Youth champion Bull fattening | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 9,000,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Kityoba Youth Cattle Rearing | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 10,090,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Nabwita Obusigazi Maani Youth Cattle | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 5,400,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Munami Youth Cattle Rearing | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 10,246,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Kibuye Yesu Amala Youth Poultry Keeping | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 12,139,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Kikaraganya youth cattle rearing Dev't cattle group Lwampanga S/C | 09/09/20116 | 9/9/2019 | 10,330,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Zengebe Mayinja Youth Cattle rearing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 12,502,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Kisaalizi Twefeku youth cattle rearing | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 9,000,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | Kiwombi Youth with Vision Bull fattening | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 8,500,000 |
| Lwampanga S/C | kisaalizi Kigingo youth Bull Fattening | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 9,000,000 |
| Migeera TC | Kyakala Youth Akamukamu Local Cattle Rearing | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 12,450,000 |
| Migeera TC | Kyakala Youth Suubi Piggery | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 7,730,000 |
| Nabiswera S/C | Ngoizi Youth Farmers' Cattle Project | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 8,250,000 |
| Nabiswera S/C | Katuba Youth Farmers Cattle Project | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 10,000,000 |
| Nabiswera S/C | Namasa rise youth Dev't cattle project Nabiswera S/C | 09/09/20116 | 9/9/2019 | 9,000,000 |
| Nabiswera S/C | Buyamba Junior Vision Youth cattle keeping | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 10,000,000 |
| Nabiswera S/C | Walukunyu Kwagalana Youth Goat rearing | 5/4/2018 | 5/4/2021 | 12,500,000 |
| Nabiswera S/C | Kyangogolo New Hope Poultry Project | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 10,400,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Buruli Quarter Kanabe Youth Project | 14/09/2014 | 14/9/2017 | 9,000,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Buruli Quarter Balikyewunya boda boda project Nakasongola T/C | 9/9/2016 | 9/9/2019 | 12,000,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Nakasongola L.C.1 Kusasira Kwamukama metal workshop youth Group | 1/2/2017 | 1/2/2019 | 11,995,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Wabaale Victorious Youth Mashroom Growing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 7,000,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Kansirye basigazi Twegaite youth cattle rearing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 11,857,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Nakasongola Women at Work Youth Salon | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 8,000,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Buruli quarter Fish Mngers Youth | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 7,500,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Central Youth Muwanguzi phone traders | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 10,000,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Central Youth Clay Product | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 10,000,000 |
| Nakasongola T/C | Buruli quarter Youth Tailers & Fashion Designers | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 8,000,000 |
| Nakasongola TC | Nakasongola LCI Dembe Youth Cattle | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 7,751,500 |
| Nakasongola TC | Kansirye Upcoming Youth Cattle Keeping | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 6,450,000 |
| Nakasongola TC | Kibira Kyandeba Boda Boda Youth | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 12,252,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Kiryabyoya Youth Piggery | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 9,266,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Kiryabyoya Youth Bicycle Spare Parts Traders | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 5,145,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Minawo youth Ox-ploughing group Nakitoma S/C | 9/9/2016 | 9/9/2019 | 10,304,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Kyakatono bull fattening youth group Nakitoma S/C | 9/9/2016 | 9/9/2019 | 11,500,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Katasenywa Youth Cattle Keeping | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 12,000,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Kabayongo Youth cattle rearing | 23/02/2018 | 23/02/2021 | 10,000,000 |
| Nakitoma S/C | Kiddugula youth cattle fattening | 15/5/2018 | 15/5/2021 | 12,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Kabuye Sisimuka Youth Cattle Rearing Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 11,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Kasagala Yellow Cattle Rearing Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 11,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Wantabya Twezimbe Youth Cattle Rearing Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 11,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Kyakadoko Agali Awamu Youth Cattle Rearing Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 11,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Kirembo Tukulakulane Youth Rearing Group | 8/8/2014 | 8/8/2017 | 11,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Sikye Nakaseta Tukole Youth Bull Fattening | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 9,000,000 |
| Wabinyonyi S/C | Sikye lugogo Twezimbe Youth Bull Fattening | 6/8/2018 | 6/8/2021 | 7,500,000 |
|  | TOTAL |  |  | 739,457,000 |

**Source: *Community Development and Gender Department***

## 8.4: Gender and Culture.

Ratio of girls to boys in primary education: 1 : 1

Ratio of girls to boys in secondary education: 1:1

Ratio of men to women in policy decision making issues:Not known

Share of women in wage employment in non-agriculture sector: Not known

Proportion of seats held by women in lower local government councils and higher local government councils:

Proportion of women having rights to own property (Land, household property): N/A

Number of contracts awarded to women:

Number of bye-laws in favour of widows: 0

Number of sensitization workshops organised on the rights of widows: 0

Number of domestic violence cases handled by probation/gender office. 58(2018)

## 8.5: Probation, OVCs and Child Protection Issues.

Percentage of OVCs who are household heads is 0.15%, the district has 1 orphanage home, no

Child resettlement centers, it had 11 child protection committees at every sub-county but each parish is supposed to have a committee.It has 4193 number of orphans. Kakooge has the biggest number of 839 constituting 20% compared Lwabyata which has least number of orphans of 280 in number which constitutes 7%.

## 8.6: Orphan hood status.

In Uganda, an Orphan is defined as a child less than 18 years who has lost one or both parents.Parent’s survival has astrong bearing on welfare of the children because children are dependent on their parent and other adult to support them.

Table8. : Distribution of parent’s survival for children aged below 18 years by County

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| County | Total popn | Status of the Parents Survival | | | | |  |
| 0-17 years | Both alive | Only father alive | Only mother alive | Both dead | Don't know for both | not stated |
| Budyebo | 56,389 | 51,963 |  |  | 492 |  |  |
| Nakasongola | 99,925 | 92079 |  |  | 829 |  |  |
| Total | 156,314 | 144,042 |  |  | 1321 |  |  |

***Source: Based on National Population and Housing Census 2014***

## 8.7: Situation of OVC.

Total number of OVCs: (58% of children in the district)

Orphans 2.9 percent of OVCs

Other categories of OVCs include:

Child mothers aged 12-17 years; 2.7%

Child laborers: 44%

Children with disability: 7.8%

Children heading households:. 6%

Number of orphanage homes by location: 1 in Kalungi Sub County

Number of child resettlement centres 0

## 8.8: Number of elderly persons by sex.

The elderly are referred to as persons aged 60 years and above irrespective of their demographic and other socio-economic characteristics. The constitution of Uganda calls for reasonable provision for the welfare and maintenance of the aged. The table8.4 below shows the distribution of elderly persons by Sub County.

Table8. : Distribution of elderly by Sub County

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***Subcounty*** | ***Number*** |
| Kakooge | 106 |
| Kalongo | 73 |
| Kakooge TC | 83 |
| Kalungi | 128 |
| Lwabiyata | 91 |
| Lwampanga | 103 |
| Migeera TC | 83 |
| Nabiswera | 96 |
| Nakasongola TC | 89 |
| Nakitoma | 84 |
| Wabinyonyi | 108 |
| ***Total*** | ***1,044*** |

***Source: Community and Gender Development Office***

# Chapter 9: Production and Marketing.

## 9.1: Introduction.

The production sector is comprised of four sub sectors namely: Agriculture, Veterinary Services, Fisheries and Entomology. The department also ensures that appropriate institutional linkages are maintained with all relevant sector agencies; comprising mostly crop, livestock, fisheries, forestry and industrial research, marketing organizations, NGOs and CBOs engaged in agricultural activities

## 9.2: Agriculture.

The term agriculture is used in a very broad sense to cover all the agricultural activities namely; crops, livestock and fisheries. (The three major forms of livelihood)

Agriculture is the most common economic activity in the district. The majority of farmers are small holders who grow both perennial and annual crops. The perennial crops include Banana and Coffee, while the annuals include maize, sweet potatoes, beans, cassava and groundnuts.

Number of Households involved in Agriculture: 26,146

Ratio of Agriculture Extension workers to farmers: 1:1,000

Percentage of cropped land to total land holding: 56%

### 9.2.1: Crop production.

Both perennial and annual crops are grown in the district. The annual crops are mostly grown for home consumption. This is illustrated in table9.1 below.

Table9. : Crop Acreage in Nakasongola 2020.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Crop type | Acreage planted (Acres) | Production (Metric tons) |
| Maize | 50,314 | 25,657 |
| Cassava | 52,572 | 152,687 |
| Sweet potato | 30,837 | 28,809 |
| Ground nuts | 45,837 | 7,227 |
| Citrus | 386 | 6.170 |
| Mangoes | 173 | 8,022 |

*Source: Production department statistics for season B, 2020*

9.2.2: Common pests and diseases of crops*.*

The table shows the common pests and diseases of crops in the district. The most important economic disease is the Cassava Brown Streak Disease (CBSD), the maize Stock borer, storage weevils which affect especially maize. Other major pests include mealy bugs and green mites which affects cassava. The details are in table below.

Table9. : Common pests and diseases of crops

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Crop Type | Insect / pest | Diseases |
| Maize | Fall Army worm | Maize streak |
| Cassava | White fly | CBSD, CMD |
| Mangoes | Fruit Fly | Bacterial Black spot |
| Citrus | Aphids, Leaf minors | Leaf & fruit spot |
| Ground nuts | Aphids | Ground nut Rosette |
| Coffee | Black coffee twig borer | Coffee rust |
| Vegetables  (Tomatoes, water melon) |  | Blight |

*Source: DAO’s Office*

## 9.3: Staffing in the Department.

The department has got 64 approved posts and 15 vacant posts as shown in table 9.3 below.

Table9. : Staffing in the Department

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Category | Approved (A) | Filled | Vacant |
| DPO | A | Yes | Vacant May 2021 |
| PAO | A | Yes |  |
| PFO | A | Yes |  |
| PVO | A | No | Vacant |
| PEO | A | No | Vacant |
| SAO | A | Yes |  |
| SVO | A | Yes |  |
| SEO | A | Yes |  |
| SFO | A | Yes |  |
| Senior Agric. Engineer | A | No | Vacant (Critical) |
| APO | A | Yes |  |
| FO Aquaculture | A | Yes |  |
| VCO | A | Yes |  |
| Entomology Officer | A | No | Vacant |
| Lab Technician | A | Yes |  |
| Typist/ Stenographer | A | Yes |  |
| Office Attendant | A | Yes |  |
| Driver | A | No | Vacant |
|  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural Officers | A 8 | 7 | Vacant 1 |
| Veterinary Officers | A 8 | 7 | Vacant 1 |
| Fisheries Officers | A 2 | 1 | Vacant 1; 1 on study leave |
| Asst. AOs | A 11 | 4 | Vacant 7 |
| Asst. VOs | A 11 | 11 |  |
| Asst. FOs | A 6 | 6 |  |
| Entomology Attendant | Not in structure | Yes |  |

*Source: DAO’s Office*

## 9.4: Major livestock.

Livestock is defined as all animals and birds kept or reared specifically for agricultural purposes including cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, horses, poultry, rabbits and donkeys. Table 9.4 shows the major livestock in the district that include; cattle, goats, sheep, pigs, chicken, ducks and turkeys.

Table9. : Livestock in the district 2020

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| SN | Type of Livestock | Estimated Numbers |
| 1 | Cattle (Exotic and High Grade crosses) | 69,015 |
| 2 | Cattle (Local Breeds low  Grade Crosses) | 211,991 |
| 3 | Goats (All Breeds) |  |
| 4 | Sheep | 10,115 |
| 5 | Rabbits | 100 |
| 6 | Pigs | 44,678 |
| 7 | Donkeys10 | 30 |
| 8 | Dogs | 39,013 |
| 9 | Chicken, Ducks & turkeys | 391,374 |

*Source: District Veterinary Office*

Number of Animal clinics established and operational at standards by Sub County:*NIL*

Number of functional livestock water facilities management committees by Sub County :*(80 but 30% functional)*

Number of Livestock water facilities constructed by Sub County. This is shown in the table 9.5 below.

### 9.4.1: Number of livestock water facilities by Sub County.

Table9. : Number of livestock water facilities by Sub County

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Sub-County* | Communal | *Private* | *Total No. of VTS & Ponds* | *More Communal VTs needed* |
| *Valley Tank (VTS)* | *VTS and ponds* |
| *Nabiswera* | *14* | *112* | *126* | *11* |
| *Kakooge* | *16* | *56* | *72* | *9* |
| *Wabinyonyi* | *15* | *67* | *82* | *9* |
| *Kalungi* | *8* | *30* | *38* | *7* |
| *Lwampanga* | *7* | *10* | *17* | *5* |
| *Nakitoma* | *7* | *105* | *112* | *9* |
| *Nakasongola T/C* | *2* | *6* | *8* | *2* |
| *Kalongo* | *10* | *43* | *53* | *7* |
| *Lwabyata* | *6* | *19* | *25* | *7* |
| *Kakooge T/C* | *0* | *8* | *8* | *3* |
| *Migyera TC* | *1* | *15* | *16* | *4* |
| *Total* | *86* | *471* | *557* | *73* |

***Source: District Veterinary department-2020***

Table9. : Number of Major Livestock by type and location.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***S/COUNTY*** | ***Cross Cattle*** | ***Local Cattle*** | ***Total Cattle*** | ***%*** | ***GOATS*** | ***SHEEP*** |
| ***Kalungi*** | 4,950 | 21,921 | 26,871 | 10 | 17,705 | 111 |
| ***Kalongo*** | 3,734 | 21,812 | 25,546 | 9.6 | 18,461 | 159 |
| ***Wabinyonyi*** | 4,761 | 32,091 | 36,852 | 13.9 | 24,111 | 516 |
| ***Nabiswera*** | 11,549 | 41,517 | 53,066 | 20 | 19,500 | 1,410 |
| ***Nakitoma*** | 12,933 | 31,108 | 44,041 | 16.6 | 13,714 | 2,833 |
| ***Kakooge*** | 8,912 | 17,473 | 26,385 | 9.9 | 7,814 | 730 |
| ***Lwabyata*** | 3,175 | 15,071 | 18,246 | 6.9 | 13,930 | 186 |
| ***Lwampanga*** | 2,150 | 14,916 | 17,066 | 6.4 | 7,801 | 122 |
| ***Kakooge T/C*** | 1,085 | 3,891 | 4,976 | 1.9 | 440 | 53 |
| ***Migeera*** | 2,801 | 6,018 | 8,819 | 3.3 | 580 | 88 |
| ***Nakasongola TC*** | 896 | 3,216 | 4,114 | 1.5 | 671 | 159 |
| ***Total*** | **56,946** | **209,034** | **265,980** | **100** | **124,727** | **6,367** |

***Source: District Veterinary Department, 2019***

### 9.4.2: Major Livestock Diseases.

Table 9.7 below highlights the various livestock diseases affecting the animals.

Table9. : Livestock Diseases

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **SN** | **Diseases** | **Prevalence (%)** |
| 1 | Tick Borne Infections | Wet 80% & Dry 20% |
| 2 | CBPP | 0.5% |
| 3 | FMD | 30% |
| 4 | Anthrax | 0% |
| 5 | Intestinal worms | 80% |
| 6 | Eye Infections | 10% |
| 7 | Brucellosis | 18% |
| 8 | Lumpy Skin Disease | 10% |
| 9 | Foot Rot | 1% |
| 10 | Gynecological Infections | 1% |
| 11 | New Castle Disease | 50% |
| 12 | Trypanasomiasis | 20% |

***Source: District Veterinary Office 2020***

Table9. : Tick Control Facilities (Plunge-Dips)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Sub-county | Number of functional Private dips | Farm/Ranch |
| Wabinyonyi SC | 0 | 0 |
| Nakasongola TC | 0 | 0 |
| Migyera TC | 1 | Nathan Mugisha Farm |
| Nakitoma SC | 1 | Namaliri Mixed Farm |
| Nabiswera SC | 2 | Manegule John Farm, Dr. Kamukama Ranch |
| Kalungi SC | 1 | Nabukoteka Ranch |
| Kalongo SC | 1 | Kiwambya Farm/Senoga |
| Kakooge SC | 3 | Kitangaala ranch, Rubobo Ranchers & Benard Buhwezi Farm |
| Kakooge TC | 0 | 0 |
| Lwabyata SC | 0 | 0 |
| Lwampanga SC | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 9 |  |

## 9.5: Fisheries.

This section summarizes the various fish ponds by subcounty, fish catch trends, fish processing practices, fish landing sites and fish marketing trends. These are illustrated in table9.9, table9.10, table9.11, table9.12, table9.13 and table 9.14.

Table9. : Distribution of fish ponds in Nakasongola District

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subcounty** | **Number of ponds** | **Stocked and functional** | **Deserted** |
| Wabinyonyi SC | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nakasongola TC | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lwampanga SC | 3 | 1 | 2 *(Flooded)* |
| Lwabyata SC | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Kalungi SC | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Kalongo SC | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kakooge SC | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Kakooge TC | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Nakitoma SC | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nabiswera SC | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Migyera TC | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 8 | 6 | 2 |

***Source: District Fisheries Office***

Table9. : Fish Catch Trends from 2017 -2019

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Species** | **2017** | | **2018** | | **2019** | |
| **Weight/Kg** | **Value/Ushs** | **Weight/Kg** | **Value/Ushs** | **Weight/Kg** | **Value/Ushs** |
| *Tilapia* | 2,302,124 | 10,359,558,000 | 2,291,134 | 11,455,670,000 | 885,000 | 5,310,000,000 |
| *Lates* | 494,819 | 2,474,095,000 | 481,000 | 3,126,500,000 | 73,444 | 660,996,000 |
| *Protopterus* | 251,345 | 628,362,500 | 248,311 | 744,933,000 | 43,001 | 193,504,500 |
| *Clarias* | 142,721 | 385,346,700 | 135,451 | 406,353,000 | 21,639 | 86,772,000 |
| *Bagrus* | 11,098 | 99,882,000 | 11,597 | 115,970,000 | 971 | 5,826,000 |
| *Rastreneobola/ Mukene* | 40,999 | 204,995,000 | 39,901 | 219,455,500 | 500 | 250,000 |
| **TOTAL** | **3,243,106** | **14,152,239,200** | **3,207,394** | **16,068,970,500** | **1,024,555** | **6,257,348,500** |

***Source: District Fisheries Office***

From the table above, there was a slight decline of 1.2% in the harvests, but at the same time a 13.5% increase in the vaue attributed to the increased demand and the prices of fish due to exports to the regional market amd international amarket. The enforcement of the fisheries management regulations in 2018 also contributed to the mentioned decline in harvests

However, collection of fisheries statistics is still affected by the illegal/ un- managed landing sites and settlements on the sudds. This leads to loss of some statistics.

Table9. : Seasonal Variations and Prices

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Level (catches) | Time | Average Weight /Kg per Boat | Prices Ushs/Kg |
| Poor  Average  Good season | April – May  January – May  August – December | 30  40- 50  70kg and above | 5,000 – 7,000  5,000 – 6,000  4000 – 5,000 |

*Source: District Fisheries Office 2019*

Table9. : Fish processing practices.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Processing Practices | % of total catch | Sub-counties where most prevalent |
| Smoking | 18 | Kalungi, Lwampanga, Lwabiyata, Nabiswera.  N.B.: Mostly Nabiswera & Lwabiyata |
| Salt-sun drying | 25 | Lwampanga, Lwabiyata |
| Fresh | 57 | All sub-counties do sell fresh fish. |

*Source: District Fisheries Office*

In the District 57% of the fish is sold when it’s fresh, 25% use salt sun drying and 18% use smoking as method of drying fish. This was because there is high demand internally within the district and externally as reflected 9.11 below.

Table9. : Showing Fish Marketing trends and transportation/destination

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Form of Fish | Transport means | Destination 2003-Todate |
| Fresh | Pick ups  Refrigerated trucks  Bicycles  Motor cycles | Fish factories, Southern Sudan, Kampala, Mpigi, Luweero and Wakiso. |
| Smoked | Pick ups  Taxis | Southern Sudan, Kampala, Luweero, Mpigi, Gulu, Masindi and Busia, |
| Salted – sun dried | - Trucks | D R Congo |

*Source: District Fisheries Office*

*NOTE; 82% of the total volume of fish is traded outside the district.*

Table9. : Fish landing sites by Distribution.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub County | Parish | Fish Landing Sites | Fishing Boats Allocation |
| NAKITOMA | Njeru | Kiroolo | 20 |
| LWABYATA | Kansiira | Kadubba | 40 |
| kansiira | Kansiira | 80 |
| Kansiira | Kikooge | 47 |
| Nalukonge | Kamuli | 164 |
| Nalukonge | Ttumba |
| LWAMPANGA | Lwampanga | Lwampanga | 132 |
| Zengebe | Zengebe ferry | 172 |
| Zengebe | Zengebe Mayinja |
| Kikoiro | Kibuye | 102 |
| Kikoiro | Kikoiro | 40 |
| Kisaalizi | Kikalaganya | 164 |
| Kiwembi | Kityoba | 60 |
| NABISWERA | Katubba | Moone | 90 |
| KALUNGI | Kazwama | Ddagala | 80 |
| Irima | Irima | 50 |
| Kazwama | Kachanga | 50 |
| Kazwama | Ninga | 112 |
| Irima | Kyalusaka | 60 |
| Kisenyi | Kasambya | 90 |
| Kisenyi | Kisenyi/Munami | 40 |
| Total |  |  | 1,733 |

*Source: District Fisheries Office*

Table9. : Farmers accessing financial credit and inputs.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Farmer Category | No. Planned | No. Supported |
| Food Security | 1,740 | 1,918 |
| Market oriented | 174 | 234 |
| Commercial | 22 | 2 |
| Total | 1,936 | 2,154 |

## 9.6: Entomology Statistics.

In Nakasongola District 2005 households earn their livelihood in apiculture, 93% of the beehive farmers use local beehives and only 7% use modern beehives. Wabinyonyi S/C is the leading producer of honey with 68420kg annually, followed by Nabiswera S/C with total production of 54,470kg, then Lwampanga S/C with annual production of 31,310kg and Nakitoma & Kalungi S/Cs have annual production of 24,580kg & 24,220kg respective. While Nakasongola T/C has the least production of 1,880kg, followed by Kalongo S/C with annual production of 4,130kg and Lwabiyata S/C with annual production of 5,230kg. However, the farmers still use rudimentally methods of producing honey. Therefore, there is need to support the apiculture farmers with equipment for modern production, processing and packaging of honey. Table9.16 below shows the distribution of bee hives in district.

Table9. : Distribution of bee hives

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub-county | Local | | KTB (Kenya top bars) | | Lang troth | |
| Colonized | Un -colonized | Colonized | Un-colonized | Colonized | Un-colonized |
| Wabinyonyi Sc | 3960 | 140 | 1210 | 115 | 185 | 26 |
| Nakasongola TC | 440 | 92 | 225 | 90 | 80 | 43 |
| Kalungi SC | 3600 | 150 | 1940 | 98 | 120 | 45 |
| Kalongo SC | 1940 | 250 | 86 | 15 | 125 | 13 |
| Kakooge SC | 2950 | 150 | 432 | 56 | 175 | 45 |
| Kakooge TC | 870 | 120 | 425 | 150 | 78 | 22 |
| Nakitoma SC | 2250 | 150 | 432 | 56 | 175 | 45 |
| Nabiswera SC | 7980 | 240 | 850 | 140 | 280 | 56 |
| Lwabyata SC | 2580 | 180 | 1950 | 120 | 68 | 20 |
| Lwampanga SC | 1920 | 130 | 285 | 105 | 79 | 14 |
| Total | 28,490 | 1602 | 7835 | 945 | 1365 | 329 |

Table9. : Honey production levels by location

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Sub-county | Bee hives | | | Households involved | Production per bee hive | Total Production | Annual Income |
| Local | Modern | Total |
| Kakooge | 1628 | 54 | 1682 | 54 | 15kg | 19,900kg | 53,700,000 |
| Kalongo | 224 | 63 | 287 | 47 | 15kg | 4,130kg | 12,390,000 |
| Kalungi | 2305 | 39 | 2344 | 28 | 15kg | 24,220kg | 72,660,000 |
| Lwabiyata | 409 | 38 | 447 | 176 | 15kg | 5,230kg | 15,690,000 |
| Lwampanga | 3065 | 22 | 3087 | 302 | 15kg | 31,310kg | 93,930,000 |
| Nabiswera | 3968 | 493 | 4461 | 528 | 15kg | 54,470kg | 163,410,000 |
| Nakasongola TC | 104 | 28 | 132 | 36 | 15kg | 1,880kg | 5,640,000 |
| Nakitoma | 2317 | 47 | 2364 | 493 | 15kg | 24,580kg | 73,740,000 |
| Wabinyonyi | 4793 | 683 | 5476 | 331 | 15kg | 68,420kg | 205,260,000 |
| Total | 18813 | 1467 | 20280 | 2005 | 15kg | 188,518kg | 553,490,000 |

*Source: Apiculture office 2019*

# Chapter 10: Trade and Industry.

## 10.1: Introduction

Table10. : Number of registered businesses

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Location** | **Markets** | **Maize mill** | **Plywood** | **Milk cooler** | **Petrol station** | **Carpentry** | **Fabrication** | **Butchery** | **Retail shops** | **Restaurant** | **Drug shops** | **Cassava mill** |
| Nakasongola | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 87 | 12 | 5 | - |
| Wabinyonyi | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 5 | 57 | 12 | 8 | 1 |
| Kalongo | 1 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 6 | 47 | 12 | 9 | - |
| Nabiswera | 2 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 111 | 31 | 11 | - |
| Lwampanga | 1 | 2 | - | - | 1 | 2 | - | 11 | 142 | 43 | 19 | 1 |
| Kakooge | 1 | 1 | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | 4 | 61 | 13 | 7 | - |
| Nakitoma | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 48 | 9 | 5 | - |
| Lwabiyata | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | 61 | 7 | 5 | - |
| Kalungi | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 73 | 13 | 9 | - |
| Total | 13 | 15 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 40 | 687 | 152 | 78 | 2 |

***Source: District Commercial Office***

The figure 10.1 below shows the small scale bussinesses (informal sector) in the district, 67% of the businesses are retail shops, 15% are restaurants, 8% are drug shops and 19% are others which include markets, maize mills, milk coolers petrol stations, carpentry, fabrication, and butchery and cassava mills.

Figure10. : Number of selected commercial activities in Nakasongola District

|  |
| --- |
|  |

*Source: Production department*

## 10.2: Status of cooperatives.

The District has 17 active cooperatives, 20 semi active and 11 dormant cooperatives as reflected in the table10.2 below. Therefore there is need to carry out massive mobilization for cooperatives to be rejuvenated.

Table10. : Status of Cooperatives

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No.** | **Type** | **Active** | **Semi active** | **Dormant** | **Total** |
| 1. | Agricultural marketing | 5 | 6 | 2 | 13 |
| 2. | Agro-processing | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 3. | Livestock | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 4. | SACCOS | 7 | 10 | 0 | 17 |
| 5. | Consumers | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 6. | Fishing | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 7. | Transport | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 8. | Multi-purpose | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 9. | Dairy | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 10. | Buruuli Coop. Union | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
|  | Total | 17 | 20 | 11 | 49 |

*Source: District Commercial Office*

### 10.2.1: SACCO Performances.

The table 10.3 below shows that there are 20 SACCOs in the District, with total membership of 3304, t. Nakasongola Rural, Kalungi, Nakitoma and Lwampanga SACCOs have received support inking and cash from Uganda savings and Cooperative Union (USCU).

Table10. : SACCO performances.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub County** | **SACCO** | **Membership** | **Status** | **Fund from MSC “000”** | **Support from USCU** |
| **Nakasongola T/C** | Nakasongola Rural SACCO | 3,150 | Active |  | Loan of 30,000,000= |
| Nakasongola Teachers SACCO | 95 | Active |  | None |
| Buduuli SACCO | 78 | Semi - Active |  | None |
| Buruuli Development SACCO | 68 | Semi - Active |  | None |
| Nakasongola Crime Preventers Cooperative Society LTD | 44 | Semi - Active |  | None |
| Nakasongola Welders Cooperative Society LTD | 68 | Active |  | None its newly Formed |
| Buruuli Women’s SACCO | 41 | Semi - Active |  | None its newly Formed |
| Nakasongola – Kampala Taxi Drivers &Operators Cooperative Society LTD | 96 | Active |  |  |
| NADIFA SACCO | 43 | Semi - Active |  | None |
| Kageri Crushers |  |  |  |  |
| Wabinyonyi SC | Wabinyonyi S/C SACCO | 811 | Active |  | None |
| Kalungi SC | Kalungi Co-operative Savings and Credit Society LTD | 712 | Active |  | 5,400,000= as Rural Financial Services Program, Training |
| Kalongo SC | Kalongo Rural SACCO | 859 | Active |  | Training |
| Nabiswera SC | Nabiswera SACCO | 987 | Active |  | Filling Carbin, 2 biycles |
| Budyebo Mixed Farmers’ Cooperative Society LTD | 62 | Active |  | Does not fall under UCSCU |
| Nakitoma SC | Nakitoma Step by Step Farmers Cop’ve Society LTD | 64 | Semi Active |  | Does not fall under UCSCU |
| Lwabyata SC | Irimba Light Primary School SACCO | 45 | Active |  | None |
| Nalukonge Mixed Farmers’ Cooperative Society LTD | 50 | Active |  | None |
| Lwabiyata SACCO | **N/A** | Dormant |  |  |
| Lwampanga SC | Lwampanga Rural SACCO | 948 | Semi Active |  |  |
| Zengebe Community SACCO | 47 | Dormant |  | None |

## 10.3: Factories.

The district has only three (3) factories:

(i) Luweero Industries in Lwampanga S/C.

(ii) Plywood factory in Nakasongola Town and

(iii)Pole processing plant in Kakooge S/C.

Number of registered cooperative organizations- *11*

Number of revenue collection points (Including markets)-*4*

Number of agro-processing plants by type and location: This is as in table10.4 below

Table10. : Agro processing plants by type and location in the district

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Location** | **Maize mill** | **Milk cooler** | **Cassava mill** |
| Nakasongola | 2 | - | - |
| Wabinyonyi | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Kalongo | 3 | 1 | - |
| Nabiswera | 1 | 2 | - |
| Lwampanga | 2 | - | 1 |
| Kakooge | 1 | 2 | - |
| Nakitoma | 1 | 1 | - |
| Lwabiyata | 1 | - | - |
| Kalungi | 2 | - | - |
| Total | 15 | 7 | 2 |

## APPENDICES

TableA. : Nakasongola District Roads by time and maintaining authority.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Name of the Road | Type of Road | Distance (kms) | Maintaining Authority | Last period of maintenance(FY) |
| Lubenge-Kafu | Tarmc | 92 | UNRA | 2013/14 |
| Nakasongola Loop | Tarmc | 12 | UNRA | 2012/13 |
| Nakasongola Air Base | Tarmc | 5 | UNRA | 2012/13 |
| Nakasongola-Bamugolodde | Gravel | 58.3 | UNRA | 2014/15 |
| Molwe-Lwampanga | Gravel | 31 | UNRA | 2013/14 |
| Lwampanga-Nabiswera | Gravel | 30.4 | UNRA | 2014/15 |
| Nabiswera-Migeera | Gravel | 7 | UNRA | 2013/14 |
| Kakooge-Mwangi | Gravel | 17.7 | UNRA | 2011/12 |
| Kalungi-Nabalanzi | Gravel | 20 | UNRA | 2012/13 |
| Nabiswera-Kafu | Gravel | 31.4 | UNRA | 2014/15 |
| Katuugo-Lugogo | Gravel | 12.5 | UNRA | 2012/13 |
| Sasiira-Namiika | Gravel | 23 | UNRA | 2013/14 |
| Lwambogo-Kasozi | Gravel | 13 | UNRA | 2012/13 |
| Kikooba-Nakitoma | Gravel | 2.5 | UNRA | 2012/13 |
| Namaasa-Itumba | Gravel | 25 | District | 2012/13 |
| Kakooge-Kaleire | Gravel | 23 | District | 2013/14 |
| Nabiswera-Kikooge-Lwabyata | Gravel | 35.32 | District | 2014/15 |
| Nakasongola-Nabiswera | Gravel | 30 | District | 2000/01 |
| Kazwama-Kyalusaka | Gravel | 11 | District | 2012/13 |
| Ntuuti-Nabutaka | Gravel | 4.82 | District | 2012/13 |
| Wantabya –kamunina | Gravel | 21 | District | 2011/12 |
| Kiraka-Katuugo | Gravel | 12.4 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kigali –Ninga | Gravel | 6 | District | 2019/20 |
| Nakitoma-Mulonzi | Gravel | 25 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kanyonyi-Mulonzi | Gravel | 13.5 | District | 2019/20 |
| Nakasongola-Wajjala | Gravel | 12 | District | 2019/20 |
| Wampiti-Kikoiro | Gravel | 20 | District | 2019/20 |
| Irima-Mayirikiti | Gravel | 13.9 | District | 2019/20 |
| Migyera-Kirumiko-Katuugo | Gravel | 9.47 | District | 2019/20 |
| Lwabanyomozi-Kalungi | Gravel | 6.39 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kansrye-Kabakazi | Gravel | 20 | District | 2019/20 |
| Katuba-Mulonzi | Gravel | 10.2 | District | 2019/20 |
| Namunkanga-Nabutaka | Gravel | 18.13 | District | 2019/20 |
| Bujaabe Lugogo | Gravel | 11 | District | 2013/14 |
| Kiralamba Bamusuta | Gravel | 5.8 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kityoba –Irima –Kabira | Gravel | 10.5 | District | 2011/12 |
| Walusi –kimaga-Ndala | gravel | 12.86 | District | 2011/12 |
| Kakooge-Kyanaka-Lugogo | Gravel | 15.8 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kakondi –Lugogo | Gravel | 13.65 | District | 2011/12 |
| Buyamba-Lugogo | Gravel | 19 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kakiira-Kinoni | Gravel | 10.5 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kabusinde-Kiyunga | Gravel | 6.3 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kiralamba-Kitwe-Kyeyindula | Gravel | 15.3 | District | 2005/06 |
| Mamba-Kachanga | Gravel | 5.29 | District | 2019/20 |
| Nalukonge-Nakayonza | Gravel | 6 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kyabutaika –Kyanaka | Gravel | 5.14 | District | 2019/20 |
| Namaasa –Wabusana-Kirumiiko | Gravel | 15 | District | 2008/09 |
| Katuba-Moone | Gravel | 6.29 | District | 2013/14 |
| Kafo-Kabyuma-Lugogo | Gravel | 10 | District | 2013/14 |
| Busone-Kabala | Grave; | 2.10 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama-Kigali-Kasambya | Gravel | 4.65 | District | 2013/14 |
| Kalongo-Kaleire | Gravel | 17.4 | District | 2019/20 |
| Iguluka-Kafo | Gravel | 15 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama- Kyalusaka Road | Gravel | 11.2 | District | 2019/20 |
| Nakasongola-Wajjala Road | Gravel | 10.5 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kabusinde-Kiyunga via Batuusa Road | Gravel | 6.4 | District | 2019/20 |
| Gendeera-Kiwembi-Kityoba | Gravel | 9.7 | District | 2019/20 |
| Kiwewa | Gravel | 1.7 | Migyera T/C | 2013/14 |
| Makumbi | Earth | 1.0 | Migyera T/C | 2013/14 |
| Nalugonvu | Earth | 0.2 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Mbogo | Earth | 0.1 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Mawejje | Earth | 0.1 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Namakanga – Mbogo | Gravel | 0.9 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Namakanga | Earth | 0.7 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabiswera | Gravel | 5 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyakala | Earth | 2.9 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kitwekyambogo | Earth | 0.8 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sandy quarry | Earth | 1.2 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| East Ward Ring | Earth | 1.1 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Mitogo | Earth | 0.88 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Katabu | Earth | 0.3 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Babirye | Earth | 0.1 | MigyeraT/C | 2019/20 |
| Hajji Mayanja | Gravel | 0.76 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Hajji Abubakar | Gravel | 0.7 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Taxi Park | Gravel | 0.3 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Bagire | Gravel | 0.48 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalukonge | Gravel | 6 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwamuhuku | Gravel | 0.95 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Bukenya | Gravel | 0.6 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiviri | Gravel | 0.2 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Veterinary | Earth | 0.3 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nkoyoyo | Earth | 0.4 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwanga | Earth | 0.3 | Migyera TC | 2019/20 |
| Kyabachwezi | Earth | 0.9 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabyanga | Earth | 3.5 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Rise | Earth | 2.5 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nanyonga | Earth | 0.2 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Banoba | Earth | 0.3 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Muslim | Earth | 3.07 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lubega | Earth | 0.7 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyakoyi | Earth | 3 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Ring | Earth | 1.3 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Bakwana | Earth | 1 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasozi | Earth | 1 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwamuhuku Quarry | Gravel | 1.2 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wasswa | Gravel | 0.5 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Gabbage Collection Road | Gravel | 2.4 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Mawajje- Mbogo via Katabu | Gravel | 1.14 | Migyera T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazzi- Salongo- Kigisu | Earth | 2.1 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabaale Mivule-kisoko | Earth | 2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazzi Kabaale-Namunkanga | Earth | 2.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Male Jackson | Earth | 0.6 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lagazi Kikadde- Lubenge | Earth | 4.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirombe –Namunkanga | Earth | 1.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sentoogo –Kereziya | Earth | 0.6 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiyingi –Kigisu-Kibira | Earth | 6.4 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikadde-Kirowooza-Kasuge | Earth | 7.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Muwonge Faiza-Kyamasanda | Earth | 1.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Katalama- Kiyingi | Earth | 1.6 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabaale Kyamasanda-Nakaseta | Earth | 3.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Ntambi SDA Church-Sonko | Earth | 2.8 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyakwambaza Lane | Earth | 0.1 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Matiya- Kazzi | Earth | 0.7 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirungi Bosco | Earth | 0.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyambogo Sonk-Kewaza | Earth | 3.3 | KakoogeT/C | 2019/20 |
| Maj. Lubega-SubCounty-Lane | Earth | 0.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Ssenkumba- Kabaale RD | Earth | 1.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabaale- Mwigembe | Earth | 2.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Setimba- Nsubuga | Earth | 1.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lubenga-Kabaale-Namunsala | Earth | 1.1 | KakoogeT/C | 2019/20 |
| Zangiya Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| St. Anthony Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Lagazi kabugo | Earth | 0.4 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kaguta Lane-Kirowooza | Gravel | 0.8 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Dam Lane | Earth | 2.1 | KakoogeT/C | 2019/20 |
| Sekamwa Lane | Gravel | 0.8 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirowooza-Kisenyi | Earth | 1.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| S.D.A Lane | Gravel | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabutaika | Earth | 0.7 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibira Kyansimbi-Kamu-Kamu | Gravel | 4.2 | KakoogeT/C | 2019/20 |
| Road Toll Lane | Earth | 0.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nangoma Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| St.James C/U Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Richard –diary Lane | Gravel | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibira-Kisiki | Earth | 0.4 | KakoogeT/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabutaika Kirisa-Kamu-Kamu | Earth | 2.6 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Disan Nyombi Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibuuka-Sekibindi Lane | Gravel | 0.6 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sub-county-Lane | Gravel | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Maama Naka Lane | Gravel | 0.2 | KakoogeT/C | 2019/20 |
| Kitakule Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Mayanja E. Lane | Earth | 0.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nankuumba Lane | Gravel | 1 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| St. Franciscan H/CIV –ST.Jude P/S | Gravel | 1.8 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Maj. Lubenga Lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalungi Road | Earth | 0.5 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirisa-Kamukamu Road | Gravel | 0.8 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Senku lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Apostles Close | Earth | 0.4 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Male- Mwigembe | Gravel | 1.72 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiyingi- Kazi | Gravel | 1.75 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kewaza- Sonko | Gravel | 3.1 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibira-Mbale | Gravel | 4.0 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| St. Jude Kalijjo | Gravel | 1.3 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirungi- Bolo Road | Gravel | 0.17 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabale- Mivule- Sentongo | Earth | 2.0 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Donela lane | Earth | 0.2 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kilowoza- Kisenyi | Earth | 2.7 | Kakooge T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibengo Road | Gravel | 2.4 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Market Street | Gravel | 0.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Church Road | Gravel | 1.6 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabale –Kapundo Road | Gravel | 0.63 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sungira Wing 1 | Gravel | 0.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Buruli Road 2 | Gravel | 0.6 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabinyonyi-Kirabo 3 | Gravel | 0.9 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabinyonyi-Kirabo 2 | Gravel | 0.5 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sugira Wing 2 | Gravel | 0.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Rusaju Road | Gravel | 0.1 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalubanga road | Gravel | 0.22 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiggulu lane | Gravel | 0.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Mifu Lane | Gravel | 0.13 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabbale- Kakondi | Gravel | 1.5 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Loone-Road | Gravel | 0.25 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasirye –Kiwongoire Road | Gravel | 3.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirabo- Kirojo Road | Gravel | 1.3 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| School Lane | Gravel | 0.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| R/C Road | Gravel | 0.4 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Matuugo- Kageri | Gravel | 4.3 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sezibi Road | Gravel | 0.11 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Buruuli Road | Gravel | 0.6 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasirye Road | Gravel | 1.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibiiri –Kalikoma Road | Earth | 2.3 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabbale 11 Street | Gravel | 0.66 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Valley-Dam Road | Gravel | 1.6 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakajooga | Gravel | 4 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabyetereka Road | Gravel | 7.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Saza-District Road | Gravel | 0.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Town Council Road | Gravel | 0.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wakibombo Road | Gravel | 0.9 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sungira Taxi Park Road | Earth | 0.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabbale-Kibiira Road | Earth | 7.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sungira-Kibiira | Earth | 2.8 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Church Road Kazwaama | Gravel | 0.5 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabinyonyi 1 Road | Gravel | 0.1 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabinyonyi 2 Road | Gravel | 0.3 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabinyonyi 3 Road | Gravel | 0.5 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabinyonyi 4 Road | Gravel | 0.4 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Valley Dam- Nabyetereka | Gravel | 1.0 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wakibombo 1 | Gravel | 0.7 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wamala-Wakibombo 1 | Gravel | 0.1 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| District Town Council | Gravel | 0.9 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Subira Taxi Road | Gravel | 0.4 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wamala Street | Gravel | 0.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sungira Kibira Road | Gravel | 2.3 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Barracks- Kalikoma | Gravel | 1.5 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Sekayingo- Sekidde | Gravel | 1.2 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakajooga- Quarry Site | Gravel | 3.02 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Karubanga- Nakajooga Road | Gravel | 1.9 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Karubanga-Matuugo | Gravel | 1.4 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Barracks road- Karubanga | Gravel | 0.5 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Blessed Harvest P7 Road | Gravel | 0.69 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Matuugo-Church Road | Gravel | 1.6 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Wamala Buruuli | Gravel | 0.56 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Nankumbi Lodings Road | Gravel | 0.23 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| PARENTS SCHOOL | Gravel | 0.25 | Nakasongola T/C | 2019/20 |
| Bamusuta – Kiralamba | Earth | 6 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bukabi – Buddu | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bakabi - Busolosolo | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2012/13 |
| Bukabi -Lwanjuki | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2014/15 |
| Busebwe-Kyancwende | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2013/14 |
| Butenga-Kiwongoire | Earth | 6 | Kakooge S/C | 2014/15 |
| Kabusinde- Kyancwende | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2013/14 |
| Kabusinde-Muwangi-Buvuma | Earth | 5 | Kakooge S/C | 2011/12 |
| Kamuwanula-Buvuma | Earth | 5 | Kakooge S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kasambya-Kyandyaga-Wabisiisa | Earth | 20 | Kakooge S/C | 2014/15 |
| Kinoni-Kitanda | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kiralamba-Kitanswa-Kiwongoire | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2013/14 |
| Kyabukonyogo-Wabisisa | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kyabukonyogo-Wakakoli | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kyalweza-Nongo-Wakasambya | Earth | 25 | Kakooge S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kyambogo-Lwanjuki | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyambogo-Mulungi’omu | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyampisi-Kasesa | Earth | 1.28 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyankonwa-Katuugo | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyankonwa-Kyalubambula-Kabakazi | Earth | 25 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyankomwa- Mitanzi | Earth | 7 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lubenge-Kyangogolo-Busebwe | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwanjuki-Kyancwende | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nongo-Wabigalo | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ntuuti-Bulamago-Nambele | Earth | 5 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ntuuti-Busolosolo | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ntuuti-Kitwe | Earth | 3 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabala-Mivule-Kisoko | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiranga- Wabinyira road | Earth | 1.59 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazzi-Mbale | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibira-Mbale | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabutayika-Kamu-Kamu | Earth | 5 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabutayika-Kyansimbi | Earth | 4 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakaseta-Kalungi | Earth | 7 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakseta-Kyamasanda-Kabale | Earth | 10 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namunkanga -Kabale-Kazzi | Earth | 4.5 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiranga- Wabinyira Road | Earth | 1.59 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabala – Kikabukabu | Earth | 3.3 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalwala-Kikuta | Earth | 2.38 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasalaba-Kiboroko | Earth | 2.7 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Katuba-Mulonzi | Earth | 6.4 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kigalambi-Mulonzi | Earth | 4 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikurubyo-Mulonzi | Earth | 4 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyadobo-Matugo | Earth | 5.95 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyangogolo-Namakukulu-Kanyonyi | Earth | 8.5 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Moone-Misenyi-Kikooge | Earth | 4 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mulonzi-Zabazula-Tolwe | Earth | 2 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabiswera-Kateebe | Earth | 18 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakakola-Kyabachwezi | Earth | 3 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namaasa-Kasalaba-Uweso | Earth | 12 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namaasa-Kiramata-Kateebe | Earth | 9 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namakukulu-Nakakola-Kyamukonda | Earth | 13.73 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nambajju-Katuba | Earth | 9.1 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabajju-Njeru | Earth | 5 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ngoizi-Nambajju | Earth | 6 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabidu-Kabala | Earth | 2 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Walusi- Butiti-Namiyagga | Earth | 9.03 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabiswera CU PS Road | Earth | 0.88 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyamugambanenda Access road | Earth | 8.68 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mulonzi- Zabalu- Tolwe Road | Earth | 4.71 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Migeera- Nakayanje | Earth | 15.2 | Nabiswera S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bagambira – Kikondo | Earth | 2.5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bagambira – Kiryamasansa | Earth | 3.0 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bagambira-Namungolo | Earth | 4.7 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalungi-Kyabona | Earth | 3.6 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kamiga-kigwera | Earth | 4 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabutulya-Kabandi | Earth | 7 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kanekolere-Nezikokolima-Nisenyi Trading Centre | Earth | 5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kapundo-Mizaala | Earth | 1.57 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasozi-Kigwera Fish Landing Site | Earth | 2.31 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasozi-Kisenyi P/S | Earth | 3.5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Katuugo-Kanyonyi | Earth | 6.6 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kawondwe Kabandi | Earth | 8 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kinamwanga-Junda-Kyalusaka | Earth | 3.48 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisenyi-Fish Landing Site-Rukooge Village | Earth | 12 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisenyi T/C-Kisenyi fish Landing Site | Earth | 2.9 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabona-kabutulya | Earth | 3.6 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lutengo-Lutengo P/S-Kayisolo | Earth | 6 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Madaali-Ddagala | Earth | 1.57 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mumpanga-Nakataka-Kyalusaka | Earth | 6.5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakatuba-Kigali | Earth | 2 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ninga-Rukooge | Earth | 1.5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Runyu-Kigali | Earth | 3 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Iremya-Katuugo Sam Seruma | Earth | 4 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama T/C Access | Earth | 10 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kitaleeba-Rukooge | Earth | 9.3 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Madali-Kasambya | Earth | 2 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakinyama-Wampiti | Earth | 2.5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalubobya-Nabanzi | Earth | 4 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bagambira-Kiiza-Mayirikiti-Irima | Earth | 7.5 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabatengo-Mukoote Swamp | Earth | 6 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kanekolere-kabandi Rd | Earth | 15.6 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ninga- Kisenyi Rd | Earth | 9.2 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisenyi COUPS- Kasozi Rd | Earth | 2.57 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kigwera-Kisenyi COU P7 Rd | Earth | 1.69 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakatuba-Kazwama Rd | Earth | 0.82 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama Street 1 Rd | Earth | 0.69 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama Street 2 Rd | Earth | 0.4 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama Street 3 | Earth | 0.38 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama Street 4 | Earth | 0.41 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama Street 5 | Earth | 0.51 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kazwama Street 6 | Earth | 0.91 | Kalungi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bujaabe – Kyajogo – Sempa Dam – Kyani | Earth | 1.58 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Butuuti-Malombe-Mbalabaita | Earth | 7.9 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabiira-Bugalamwa | Earth | 3.8 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabyuma-Ibaare-Kafo River | Earth | 3.75 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kafo Corner-Nongo-Kyabajasi-Ziwa Rhino-Western Gate Wangoiro | Earth | 3.84 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kafo Kyadogo-Kafo River P/S-kyakamese | Earth | 1.5 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kafo Kyadogo-Kyakamese-Bugaramwa Nongo | Earth | 0.61 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kafo Market-Kyakamese-Kabiira | Earth | 2.9 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kafo Market-Kyani | Earth | 0.46 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kafo Trading Centre-Kiwala-Kyakamese | Earth | 2.67 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasozi-Kyamukonda | Earth | 0.91 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Katasenywa-Nambajju | Earth | 2.83 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kibuloki-Butuuti | Earth | 7 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kidugala-Mbalagwa | Earth | 2.5 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kigweri-Minaawo | Earth | 3 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikooba-Kasozi | Earth | 12.22 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikooba-Wangoiro | Earth | 1.78 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikooba-Trading Centre-Nakitoma C.O.U P/S | Earth | 0.11 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kimatwe-Njeru | Earth | 10.4 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirooro-Kayarwe-Landing Site | Earth | 5.2 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirooro-Kitabura | Earth | 3.91 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiryabyoya-Kabayongo | Earth | 2.12 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiryabyoya-Kikooba | Earth | 0.94 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiryabyoya-Kyakatono-Minaawo | Earth | 5.9 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiryabyoya-Nakitoma S.S.S | Earth | 0.63 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kitamba-Kasambya Landing Site | Earth | 3.84 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyalusebeka-Kambugu Dam-Ziwa Rhino | Earth | 1.8 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyamukama-Butuuti | Earth | 6.5 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Malombe-Minaawo | Earth | 4.6 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakitoma-Bujaabe | Earth | 2.55 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakitoma-Kidugala | Earth | 1.92 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakitoma C.O.U P/S-Nakitoma S.S.S | Earth | 1 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakitoma R.C P/C- Kabayongo | Earth | 3.5 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ssenkasi-Junction Wangoiro-Musisi | Earth | 4.77 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Junction-Kabyoma p/s | Earth |  | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Zumulo- Erifazi-Junction-Baleto-Kafo River | Earth | 8 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wandibu-Kabala | Earth | 4 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Walusi-Butiti-Namiyagga | Earth | 10 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bujjabe Sandpit Road | Earth | 2.19 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasozi Lugogo Road | Earth | 1.56 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiryabyoya Access Road 1 | Earth | 0.15 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikooba P7 Market Road | Earth | 0.71 | Nakitoma S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bamugolodde- Mayirikiti-Nabukoteka | Earth | 18 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Basansula-Kigejjo-Kiranga-Bamugolodde | Earth | 25.6 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kakoola-Nakinyama | Earth | 8 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Budengedde | Earth | 6.5 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Kalalu | Earth | 3.5 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Kamirampango | Earth | 7 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo Kigejjo | Earth | 4 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Kyakabombo | Earth | 3 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Nabalanzi | Earth | 13 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Nalubobya-Kaleire | Earth | 12 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kanyika –Kigejjo | Earth | 4 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kanyika -Kiwoole | Earth | 4 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Katungo-Kabalanzi | Earth | 10 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Noah Street Road |  | 0.70 |  | 2019/20 |
| Kiswera- Kireka-Nakasenyi | Earth | 10 | Kakooge S/C | 2019/20 |
| Malanjala-Burwandi | Earth | 5 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mayirikiti-Busansula | Earth | 7 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mayirikiti-Kabazi-Kayisolo | Earth | 5 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mayirikiti-Kibanja -Kireka | Earth | 5 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabukoteka-Katuugo | Earth | 7 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabukoteka-Nalubobya-Bamugolodde | Earth | 23 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakasenyi -Budengedde | Earth | 6.2 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakinyama-Wampiti | Earth | 10 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalubobya-Nabalanzi | Earth | 7 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kalongo-Kikekende-Kigejjo | Earth | 6 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Bagaya-Katuugo | Earth | 3 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiwambya-Kibolera | Earth | 5 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kwatansika street | Earth | 0.12 | Kalongo S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kageri-Molwe | Earth | 6.5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2013/14 |
| Kamalanzala-Wampiti | Earth | 8 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kamunina-Mbalye | Earth | 5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kamunina-Kitenderi | Earth | 13 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2014/15 |
| Kamunina-Mazzi | Earth | 10 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2013/14 |
| Katitiza-Wabuteri-Nalukonga | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2014/15 |
| Kibatiko-Namayonjo | Earth | 1.8 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2013/14 |
| Kibengo-Kageri | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2011/12 |
| Kikangula-Kibira | Earth | 2.70 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kikangula Nabiswera | Earth | 5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2014/15 |
| Kikonge-Kamunina | Earth | 7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kirembo-Lugogo | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2013/14 |
| Kisozi-Kiyembe-Haif Lodon | Earth | 30 | Wabinyonyi s/C | 2019/20 |
| Kasozi-Sasira R.C P/S | Earth | 3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabaganga-Lwakataba | Earth | 3.7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabaganga –Isegero-Kabuye-Kateebe | Earth | 7.1 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mbalye-Kageri | Earth | 12.5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mbalye-Kalobokwe | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mitanzi-Kasagala-Wabigayiza-Kiralamba | Earth | 20 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mitanzi –Namuwanga | Earth | 8 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mpongo-Kisenyi-Wabigayiza-Kasagala-Kamunina | Earth | 20 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mwogezi-Kacondo-Rukinzi | Earth | 3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Naitondo-Wabiteli-Kibira | Earth | 7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Naitondo-Wabiteli-Kikangula | Earth | 12 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakaseeta Trading Centre-Kyeyune Dam-kyaye’s place Kakondi | Earth | 5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakaseeta-Sikye-Sasira | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakaseeta-Sikye-Kaapa Buruuli | Earth | 4.69 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namayonjo-Kabojja | Earth | 5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nsugga-Kirembo | Earth | 7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Rwakabombo-Nakayonza | Earth | 3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira R.C P/S Muwuma-Sikye | Earth | 7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira Streets | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sikye-Sasira-Naitodo Kambala-Kibira | Earth | 2.5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sowal Nakamanya-Nakijwa | Earth | 3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabigalo –Nongo | Earth | 7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabingalo Kibira | Earth | 7.13 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabigalo-Wampiti | Earth | 6.77 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabulime- Kiwongoire | Earth | 3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabulime – Nakasongola-Catholic | Earth | 5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wakazinzi-Malengera bati | Earth | 11 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wankerenge –Kamalanzila | Earth | 6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wankerenge –Katuugo-Kalyakoti | Earth | 4 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wantabya - Wakirama | Earth | 6.3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira Street 1 | Earth | 0.46 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira Steer 2 | Earth | 2.9 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira street 3 | Earth | 1.9 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira Street 4 | Earth | 0.14 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Sasira- Kikangula Road | Earth | 1.26 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kizongo-Mbaye | Earth | 1.51 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikonge- Kalyakoti- Wampiti road | Earth | 6.80 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kamalanzala-Wambere | Earth | 6.77 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabigalo Access road | Earth | 7.36 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabigalo access road 2 | Earth | 0.98 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabigalo Access Road 3 | Earth | 0.97 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabigalo Access road 4 | Earth | 1.85 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kapaburuli Access road | Earth | 2.84 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Muwuma- Kapaburuli Road | Earth | 3.13 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikangula- Segero road | Earth | 5.59 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyamuyingo-Molwe road | Earth | 5.19 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabaganga – Kateebe road | Earth | 9.97 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabaganga- Segero- Kabuye road | Earth | 6.5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabuye2 – Nakayonza road | Earth | 1.49 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyabaganga – Lwakataba road | Earth | 3.63 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Molwe- Kyakadoko road | Earth | 4.24 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Qurter Guard- Kageri Query site road | Earth | 4.7 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyakadoko Access road | Earth | 2.29 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyakadoko Kikoiro road | Earth | 4.22 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakajooga Kageri road | Earth | 0.53 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kageri – kibengo road | Earth | 2.12 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kamuniina- Kitenderi- Mazzi road | Earth | 3 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| LUKINYI ACCESSS ROAD | Earth | 3.1 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabaale- Nalukonge road | Earth | 3.6 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabale – Kakondi road | Earth | 4 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Katitiza – Kapaburuli road | Earth | 2.31 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Katitiza- Kibira road | Earth | 1.64 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikangula- segero – Kabuye Road | Earth | 6.5 | Wabinyonyi S/C | 2019/20 |
| Gendera –Kabira-Kasyaku- | Earth | 3 | Lwampanga S/C | 2013/14 |
| Irimba-Rwakataba | Earth | 6.18 | Lwampanga S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kabasombwa-Bwiire-Irimba | Earth | 3.05 | Lwampanga S/C | 2012/13 |
| Kabasombwa-Mbaari-Nabwita | Earth | 4.54 | Lwampanga S/C | 2014/15 |
| Kikalaganya –Kyebisiirye | Earth | 3.33 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikoiro –Kyakadoko | Earth | 11 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikoiro – Mayinja | Earth | 2 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisalizi-Kigengo-Kyebisiirye | Earth | 3.5 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisalizi-Kimole-Kaganja | Earth | 3.13 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kitaleeba- Kabugenda | Earth | 6 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kityoba-Kikaraganya | Earth | 3 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiwembi –Irimba-Wambaye | Earth | 6.5 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiyanja –Gendeera | Earth | 1.5 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiyanja –Kijaluwo | Earth | 2.43 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyawaikata- Kikarangaya | Earth | 2 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwampanga-Nakalikiirya –Trading Centre | Earth | 2 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mbaari-Nakalikiirya –Kigumya | Earth | 1.50 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Muwunami-kabira | Earth | 4.2 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namukago-Bwire | Earth | 1.77 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namukago-Bwire-Irimba | Earth | 4.5 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wajjala-Kisenyi | Earth | 2.15 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wakalembo-kitaleba-Wajjala | Earth | 5 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kigingo-Kyawaikata | Earth | 4 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kityoba-Kabasembwa | Earth | 4 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kigumya –Kamabbala-Nabwita | Earth | 4 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nabwita –Karora | Earth | 1.5 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namukago-Kiwembi | Earth | 3 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Zengebe – Kiyanja – Lwampanga road | Earth | 4.62 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Zengebe Access road | Earth | 0.16 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Zengebe Access road 2 | Earth | 0.70 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mwalo- Lwampanga road | Earth | 0.66 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwampanga Access road | Earth | 0.91 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Zengebe Access road 3 | Earth | 0.32 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Zengebe Access road 4 | Earth | 0.3 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisalizi- Kikaraganya road | Earth | 2.53 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyebisire Access road | Earth | 0.49 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisalizi Kyebisire road | Earth | 4.64 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisalizi – Kyabaikata road | Earth | 0.81 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiwembe- Kiganja road | Earth | 3.34 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kabasombwa- Mbaari- Nakalikirya road | Earth | 4.34 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiyanja road | Earth | 0.69 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikoiro- kabugenda road | Earth | 2.39 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Mayinja Access road | Earth | 0.74 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikoiro Mayinja road | Earth | 0.98 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Weyiseyise Kabugenda road | Earth | 4.77 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisenyi Access road 1 | Earth | 0.50 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kisenyi Access road 2 | Earth | 0.09 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kiwembi – Kikaraganya road | Earth | 2 | Lwampanga S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kateebe-Namaato-kirenge-Kyambogo-Ggaba-Itumba-Kadduba-Kansiira | Earth | 23 | Lwabyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kikooge-Ndala-Moone | Earth | 4.5 | Lwabyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirenge-wabusaana-Namikka-Ggaba | Earth | 7 | Lwabyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kyambogo-Kyankanga-Kaganja | Earth | 5 | Lwabyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwabyata-Kalinda-Podya-Kadduba | Earth | 8 | Lwabyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwabyata-Rwanjuki-Nalulongo-Namaato-Nakayonza-Kaganja-Kiwembi | Earth | 19 | Lwabyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ndaiga-Wangoma-Mpumwire-Kalinda-Ntagaara | Earth | 15 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ngolwe-Lwabyata | Earth | 2.74 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Ntagaara-Nakatoongo-Jwinyi-Ggaba | Earth | 2.5 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwabiyata- Mpumwire –Kaduuba road | Earth | 12.10 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nakatoogo- kalinda- Mpumwire- Ndaiga road | Earth | 10 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kansiira trading Centre Access road | Earth | 3.43 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwabyata SS access road | Earth | 0.29 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalikonge Trading Centre 1 | Earth | 0.6 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalukonge Trading Centre 2 | Earth | O.6 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalukonge – Nakayonza road | Earth | 2.33 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalukonge Access road | Earth | 2.41 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalukonge – Namiika road | Earth | 3 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Lwabiyata- Kalinda road | Earth | 5.70 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Namaato access road | Earth | 3.20 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabusaana Access road | Earth | 0.61 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Wabusaana – Kyambogo road | Earth | 0.93 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kirenge- Wabusaana road | Earth | 1.74 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Nalulongo- Nakayonza road | Earth | 2.57 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |
| Kaganja access road | Earth | 2.51 | Lwabiyata S/C | 2019/20 |

TableA. : Private forests in the District

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Kyaluweza | Pine plantation | 40.00 | Kakooge | Kalyebala | Private |
| Kyaluweza | Pine plantation | 60.00 | Kakooge | Luggya | Private |
| Kyaluweza | Pine plantation | 90.00 | Kakooge | David | Private |
| Kaazi | Pine plantation | 15.00 | Kakooge | KiyingiGaster | Private |
| Kansirye | Pine plantation | 13.00 | Wabinyonyi | KizzaGaster | Private |
| Kasagala CFR | Pine plantation | 85.00 | Kakooge | Private (RuhakanaRugunda) | 49 year lease from the NFA |
| Kasagala CFR | Pine woodlot | 5.00 | Kakooge | Private (Wilson) | 49 year lease from the NFA |
| Nakaseeta | Pine plantation | 15.00 | Kakooge | Private (Kakooge Catholic Parish) | Private |
| Nakaseeta | Pine plantation | 12.00 | Kakooge | Private (Kyanjo J.) | Private |
| Nakajoga | Pine plantation | 12.00 | Wabinyonyi | Private (KayiseChrisostom) | Private |
| Nakasongola | Pine woodlot | 4.00 | Town Council | Nakasongola District Local Govt. | Private |
| Madaali | Pine woodlot | 0.78 | Kalungi | Mugenyi Florence | Private |
| Madaali | Pine woodlot | 0.81 | Kalungi | Mukisa Robert | Private |
| Madaali | Pine woodlot | 0.20 | Kalungi | Nangozi Joyce | Private |
| Nakatuba | Pine woodlot | 1.53 | Kalungi | Kasisaki David Nsibirwa | Private |
| Nakatuba | Pine woodlot | 0.36 | Kalungi | Kyaterekera Simon | Private |
| Kapundo | Pine woodlot | 0.41 | Kalungi | Senono Salim | Private |
| Madaali | Pine woodlot | 0.78 | Kalungi | Mugenyi Florence | Private |
| Kasambya | Pine woodlot | 0.07 | Kalungi | Bukenya Fred | Private |
| Kazwama | Pine woodlot | 0.40 | Kalungi | Sekayingo Robert | Private |
| Nakatuba | Pine woodlot | 0.20 | Kalungi | Ndyona Samuel Serwada | Private |
| Mizaala | Pine woodlot | 0.27 | Kalungi | KiizaKyazeKiirya Moses | Private |
| Mizaala | Pine woodlot | 1.32 | Kalungi | KiryaMukonge | Private |
| Madaali | Pine woodlot | 0.20 | Kalungi | Nangozi Joyce | Private |
| Kazwama | Pine woodlot | 0.40 | Kalungi | Sebyala Samson | Private |
| Kazwama | Pine woodlot | 0.32 | Kalungi | Senkula Amos | Private |
| Kisenyi | Pine woodlot | 0.23 | Kalungi | Kisenyi C.U.PS | Private |
| Kasozi | Pine woodlot | 0.20 | Kalungi | Munobwa Wilber | Private |
| Kisenyi | Pine woodlot | 0.90 | Kalungi | Sevuma Richard | Private |
| Kasozi | Pine woodlot | 0.40 | Kalungi | Kisenyi L.V.SS | Private |
| Kisenyi | Pine woodlot | 3.63 | Kalungi | Lukeya Livingstone | Private |
| Kasambya | Pine woodlot | 0.45 | Kalungi | Busulwa | Private |
| Mizaala | Pine woodlot | 0.16 | Kalungi | Ngasaki Samuel | Private |
| Kalungi | Pine woodlot | 0.24 | Kalungi | KitakaSalongo | Private |
| Madaali | Pine woodlot | 0.20 | Kalungi | Kalungi S.C H/Q | Private |
| Kapundo | Pine woodlot | 0.14 | Kalungi | Mukisa Robert | Private |
| Kasozi | Pine woodlot | 0.81 | Kalungi | Nalubowa Grace | Private |
| Nakatubba | Pine woodlot | 1.53 | Kalungi | KitakaSalongo | Private |
| Wajjala | Pine woodlot | 1.08 | Lwampanga | Baziwane Ronald | Private |
| Wajjala | Pine woodlot | 0.32 | Lwampanga | Tumuhairwe Jessica | Private |
| Wajjala | Pine woodlot | 0.32 | Lwampanga | LugolobiMuhammed | Private |
| Wajjala | Pine woodlot | 0.31 | Lwampanga | SenindeAksoferi | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.33 | Lwampanga | NamatovuByekwaso | Private |
| Wakalembo | Pine woodlot | 0.32 | Lwampanga | Sejjemba Samuel | Private |
| Wajjala | Pine woodlot | 0.14 | Lwampanga | SekayingoMatiya | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.27 | Lwampanga | Sunday Robert | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.40 | Lwampanga | Kirabo Richard | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.36 | Lwampanga | Batumbya Stephen | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.40 | Lwampanga | Kasirye Moses | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.41 | Lwampanga | Ddamulira Fred | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.36 | Lwampanga | Seruku Moses | Private |
| Kyakadoko | Pine woodlot | 0.11 | Lwampanga | MugerwaFenekansi | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.36 | Lwampanga | Luboyera S | Private |
| Kitaleba | Pine woodlot | 0.81 | Lwampanga | ByekwasoLugolobi Fred | Private |
| Bujaabe | Pine woodlot | 1.80 | Nakitoma | Kitakule Christian | Private |
| Bujaabe | Pine woodlot | 1.89 | Nakitoma | Mugenyi Geoffrey | Private |
| Bujaabe | Pine woodlot | 0.45 | Nakitoma | Lubega Patrick | Private |
| Kikooba | Pine woodlot | 0.41 | Nakitoma | Kirumira Godfrey | Private |
| Kikooba | Pine woodlot | 0.43 | Nakitoma | Senozi Stephen | Private |
| Kikooba | Pine woodlot | 0.90 | Nakitoma | Serubanjwa Ronald | Private |
| Kaikanga | Pine woodlot | 0.18 | Nakitoma | Sebukera David | Private |
| Kikooba | Pine woodlot | 2.07 | Nakitoma | Semwanga Joseph | Private |
| Kikooba | Pine woodlot | 1.44 | Nakitoma | MubiruSulaiman | Private |
| Kikooba | Pine woodlot | 1.80 | Nakitoma | Muwonge Robert | Private |
| Kimatwe | Pine woodlot | 2.03 | Nakitoma | Senyonyi Dan | Private |
| Kyakatono | Pine woodlot | 1.22 | Nakitoma | Kabugo Alfred | Private |
| Kyakatono | Pine woodlot | 1.62 | Nakitoma | Mutagobya Christopher | Private |
| Kiryabyoya | Pine woodlot | 1.80 | Nakitoma | Galiwango Christopher | Private |

***Source: DNRO***